The New-York Times.

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LATER FROM EUROPE.

THE EUROPA AT HALIFAX.

Arrangements for the General Congress.

Resignation of Garibaldi.

HALIFAX, Wednesday, Nov. 30.

The R. M. steamship Europa, from Liverpool on Saturday, the 19th inst., has arrived at this port.

The steamship Hungarian, from New-York, arrived at Southampton on the 18th, and reached Liverpool the following day.

The steamship Queen Queen, from New-York, arrived at Southampton on the 18th.

The R. M. steamship Persia, from New-York, arrived at Liverpool on the 19th.

The conferences of the Minister of peace were expected to be prolonged at Zurich on the first.

The French Government had issued letters of invitation to the Congress to the Powers who signed the treaties of Vienna in 1815, and to the three Italian states, viz., of Piedmont, Tuscany and Naples.

The attitude of the Italian and French Press was daily becoming more warlike. The Times calls on Napoleon to put an end to the state of suspense.

The Congress was expected to meet in Paris, but no date is mentioned.

The London Society of Arts had inaugurated a movement for a great exhibition in 1862.

The Paris Bourse was steady; the Rentes closed at 67f. 75c.

The Emperor Napoleon opposes Buonompagnie's scheming for a Regency of Central Italy.

Garibaldi is reported to have resigned the command of the army of Central Italy, and entered the Sardinian army.

HALIFAX, N. S., Wednesday, Nov. 30.

The foregoing was received this evening over the wires from Halifax. The express, with the details of the news, will not be here until to-morrow morning.

NEWS PACKAGES BY THE BOHEMIAN.

The newspaper packages by the *Bohemian* reached this City early this morning.

Count Walewski's Circular.

The *Moniteur* publishes the following circular dispatch, addressed by Count WALEWSKI, the French Minister of Foreign Affairs, to all the French diplomatic agents of the Empire:

PARIS, Nov. 5, 1859.

SIR: The English negotiations had a starting point and an object clearly defined beforehand. The preliminaries of Villafranca indicated to the plenipotentiaries the ideas which ought to inspire them, and the object they had to attain.

This course, the general conditions of which were fashioned at Villafranca, gave rise to many important questions as regards their application. First of all, it was necessary to define the new frontier line between Austria and Piedmont, sketched by Lombardy. Was the line to follow the right bank, or the valley road of the Mincio, and what ought to be the range of the fortress of Peschiera? As regards the line, the Government of the Emperor was of opinion that it was conformable to justice, as well as to the interests of the new possessor of Lombardy, to adopt the system which, in attributing to that province half the bed of the river, places the two adjoining States on a perfect footing of equality, and gives them the means of drawing from that watercourse the same advantages for the safety of their frontiers. The Government of his Majesty also thought it just to leave, according to custom, the secondary ranges of fortresses under similar circumstances should be adopted. Thus, the line, on leaving the Tyrolese frontier on the north, follows the shores of the Lake of Garda, and, after making round Peschiera a semicircle of the range of 3,500 metres, it rejoins the right bank of the Mincio. The Upper Lake of Mantua, as it is again from Le Grazie to a direct line towards Somarolo and Lazzara, on the Po. The rich and populous territory which extends between the line and the Tiglio contains a population which forms about three-fifths of the ancient possessions of Austria beyond the Alps, and which, by increasing that of Piedmont more than one-third, brings it up to nearly 5,000,000 souls.

Austria, in ceding the territory, the principal basis of her power in Italy, renounces at the same time, by contract, the right of keeping a garrison in the Place, and of holding the fortress of Ferrara, Comacchio, and Pavia, which she possessed in virtue of treaties, and that is another one of the dominating causes of the state of dependence in which the Italian Peninsula was placed towards that Power. Her position seems entirely to be aggressive and preponderating.

[illegible]

The debt of [illegible] is a little more than $50,000,000, and Lombardy, forming as I have just said, about the fifth of the ancient Lombardo-Venetian Kingdom—the share falling upon the provinces of the former Kingdom would be about 12,000,000 francs.

This difficulty has been the chief and almost sole cause of the delays which for a month suspended the negotiations.

As price for the many sacrifices, France only asks from Sardinia an indemnity of 60,000,000, which is about one-sixth only of the expenses of the war.

The treaties of Zurich, moreover, in all clauses [illegible] the other the territorial division or the [illegible] of peace, are drawn up in the most liberal spirit. One of the clauses which concerns the giving up of [illegible] was even fully carried out before the [illegible] were initiated.

The treaties of Zurich also stipulate an amnesty as well as a pardon for all individuals, civil or military, [illegible] in the war.

As regards the questions of general policy, it was left for the Plenipotentiaries to take decisions which [illegible] prejudiced that solution, not only because they have the rights of third parties not represented in the Congress, but because, from their very nature, they belonged to European deliberations. The Government of the Emperor looked upon them in that light immediately after the signature of the preliminaries. His opinion has not changed, and his Plenipotentiaries, conformable to their instructions, have limited themselves to reproducing in other terms the dispositions agreed upon at Villafranca between the Emperor and his Imperial and Royal Apostolic Majesty.

The treaty of Zurich means then, that with a view to assure the tranquillity of the Pontifical States and the power of the Holy Father, the two Sovereigns will use their efforts to obtain from his Holiness a system of government which responds to the wants of his people.

As regards the Duchies, it has been settled that, as their territorial limits cannot be altered without the consent of the Powers which participated in their formation, the rights of the sovereigns of Tuscany, of Modena, and of Parma, are reserved between the contracting parties.

Finally the two Powers engage themselves to give their support in the Congress, under the honorary presidency of the Pope, of a Confederation of the Princes of Italy, having for its object the development of the moral and material features of all its members as also the consolidation of them by means of a federal army. Venetia, while remaining under the Crown of Austria, is to form part of this association.

Thus, the future remains open, in this order of ideas, to combinations which may be judged most expedient by merry Italy and to consolidate the new conditions of existence in which she is placed. The Government of His Majesty has, moreover, agreed with the American Government to invite the Powers which signed the general Act of Vienna, of 1815, to meet in Congress to consider the treaties of Zurich, and decide on pending questions, with the addition of the Two Sicilies, Rome and Sardinia.

The Government of the Emperor has already received the assurance that the Holy Father only awaits the opportune moment to make known the reforms he has in progress concerning upon his States, and which will have the effect, by assuring a general Justice and Government to the country, of giving it guarantees of a better distribution of justice, and of a control over the financial department by means of an elective assembly.

I have had the honor of pointing out to you how the conduct of the Emperor looks upon the pacification of the Italians, and you are aware that his view is that the Peninsula is an ensemble and based upon the nature of the Country. Duke of Tuscany in his place, and the Duchess of Parma will certainly appreciate the advantages of a guarantee of the same kind, and of a guarantee for each of the parts from the other.

Always confined on the other hand, that nothing will contribute so much to the prosperity of Italy as the establishment of a Confederation destined to unite the efforts and resources of each of its members contribute to the general welfare, the Government of the Emperor intends to exert all its influence to favor its establishment. It remains equally convinced that the bases laid down in the preliminaries and reproduced in the treaty of Zurich are conformable to the real interests of Italy, especially if a separate administration and a national army are obtained for Venetia. WALEWSKI.

Anglophobia in France.

From the London Times.

From information derived from a vast number of independent sources, we entertain no doubt that a feeling of hostility more bitter than has existed in France since the peace of 1815, is at this moment entertained towards this country. The French Press, so gutted on all other subjects, is on this subject unanimous. The moderate and reasonable *Journal des Débats* contains attacks upon England such as never before, in moments of the greatest irritation, have appeared in its decorous columns. The *Gazette de France* lacks language to express the bitterness of its detestation, and the *Univers* is still more virulent than the organ of the Legitimists. The talk of the army and navy is of revenge for victories 45 and 55 years old, and their firm belief, as well as their ardent wish, is that in a few months the signal will be given for the invasion of this country. The inhabitants of the departments from Brest to Calais experience a revival of the hostility of 50 years since, and strange to say, burn with ardor for a war of which they must bear the brunt. We believe this to be a fair representation of the present state of feeling in France—nay, more, we believe the Emperor NAPOLEON himself would, if the question could be put to him, admit it to be so. We believe he would tell us that he is our only friend, and that to his intervention alone we owe it that the two most powerful states of the world are not already involved in an exterminating conflict.

What have we done in the last ten years to make the France of 1859 more hostile to us than the France of ten years ago? We have fought and bled together without, so far as we are aware, the slightest imputation on the good faith or honor of either nation. We are even now preparing a joint expedition, and, so far as we are aware, there is no part of the globe in which our interests come in direct and hostile contact. We are utterly unconscious of having put forward any claims or entered upon any negotiations which even the most perverse ingenuity can construe as hostile to French interests. The French subjects whom the fortune of war has placed under our Government are admitted to precisely the same rights and privileges as our own people; and, as far as hospitality goes, it has been our honor and our pleasure to receive the representatives of every dynasty that has occupied the throne of France since the revolution. There remain, certainly the injuries given and received during the wars of the revolution and of NAPOLEON; but they in no degree account for the phenomenon to which we are at present trying. We fear that that the fact which is unfortunately so notorious can be accounted for in no other way than by the assumption that these evil passions have received a powerful impulse from the French Government itself. In France there are but two ways in which the whole body of the nation can be acted upon. The one is by the Press, and the other by the action of the centralized authority, civil and military. Now, not only must the conductor of a French journal insert nothing which the Government disproves, but he is bound to insert any article which the Government may transmit to him, as if it had emanated from himself—a fact which has been made laughingly manifest by the appearance of the same sentiments, expressed in the same words, in the most remote parts of the country at the same time. It is not, therefore, too much to say that for so much of the present irritation of feeling as arises from the attacks of the Press upon England, the Government of France is responsible. To check them would require no exercise of power. An intimation that they are displeasing to the Government, would have sufficed, and that intimation has never been given. The other way by which the opinion of France may be simultaneously moved is through the official hierarchy. The Minister of the Interior in Paris wields a power more tremendous than was ever vested in any Minister of any Government. He has but to express a wish, and an enormous bureaucracy, whose ramifications extend to the smallest commune in France, is immediately set in motion. Their advancement depends on their diligence; their power penetrates everywhere, and their influence reaches every man. The same is the case in the army. The Minister of War has only to give the word, and thousands of zealous emissaries are ready to propagate it like lightning through the ranks of 600,000 men. Has this influence been used in the present instance to excite the feelings of citizen and soldier against England? We believe it has, and we believe it for three reasons. First, we believe it because it is quite clear that an instrument less secret, and in the present state of society in France less efficient—the Press—has been employed for this purpose. We believe it, secondly, because the results are such as an action of the Government upon the people would be likely to produce; and we believe it thirdly, because we have seen in the open acts of the Government of France symptoms that it does not shrink from stimulating ill-will against this country. We will mention two instances; first, the issuing the medal of St. Helena, and, secondly, the erection at the public expense of a monument to commemorate a repulse sustained by the English on the coast of Brittany a hundred years ago.

We have, therefore, we think, established that there is considerable irritation in the mind of the French army and nation against England, and that that irritation has mainly been caused by the action of the French Government. From this it necessarily follows that the French Government wishes that irritation to exist, but it does not necessarily follow that the French Government has resolved to go to war with this country. It may well be that a politician like the Emperor of the French is not unwilling to have it believed that his people are burning to avenge the misfortunes of the last war with England, and that if peace be preserved it is entirely owing to his good sense and moderation. It may be that the Emperor NAPOLEON, while [illegible] the national spirit of his subjects against England and making such preparations as would be required if a war were really in contemplation, only means to place himself in so commanding a position that England, which desires peace above all things, may be intimidated into following whatever impulse he may please to give to the affairs of Europe; or, lastly, it may be that these things really mean what those who are politically opposed to the Emperor declare they mean, and that we have a danger at our front in the existence of which we cannot yet persuade ourselves to believe. Unhappily, we cannot afford to speculate on the alternative. The hatreds and passions of mankind are more easily stimulated than allayed, and it is not our fault if we are forced to act in a time of profound peace as if the coast of Boulogne was already formed again, and an other flotilla awaited the orders of its imperial master.

The Pacific Railroad.

LECTURE BY MR. HORACE GREELEY.

A lecture was delivered last evening, at the Lecture-room of the Historical Society, corner of Eleventh-street and Second-avenue, by Mr. HORACE GREELEY, the subject as announced being "The Pacific Railroad." There were not more than a hundred persons present. Rev. Mr. THOMPSON, in opening the proceedings, and prior to the introduction of the lecturer to the audience, took the opportunity of paying a passing tribute to the memory of WASHINGTON IRVING, whose death, though expected as it might be from the years he had lived, cast a gloom over many a circle in our City, on its announcement but a day or two ago. The reverend gentleman said though the Society had called the meeting for a very different purpose, and though they would like another opportunity of expressing their respect and veneration for the memory of America's noblest writer, yet he thought it would not be unbecoming in him to say so much upon this occasion. They had all read and admired the writings of IRVING, and ever yet as they might again peruse those writings they would derive additional pleasure from the remembrance that the author was not only a great and beautiful writer, but an earnest and devout Christian, and that he had been called away in their own day to receive the reward of a well-spent life. He would now introduce to them the lecturer for the evening.

Mr. HORACE GREELEY, on coming forward, was received with hearty demonstrations of applause. He called the attention of his hearers to a large and plainly-marked map of the line of the proposed railroad, and the different States and Territories through which it passed. He was not the advocate, he assured them, of the particular line there laid down; he was only an advocate for an undertaking which would connect the shores of the Atlantic with the shores of the Pacific, crossing American territories, and developing the vast resources now lying dormant and unknown for want of such a railroad. He had no object to serve, in demonstrating as far as he was capable, of so doing, to the American people the importance and the very necessity, in fact, of carrying out such an undertaking. He had traveled over the whole route almost from point to point, and he knew the great interests that were at stake, or rather the great benefits that would pour upon the community and upon the country at large from New-York to San Francisco, by the formation of a Pacific Railroad. At the first look it might seem that it would require an immense outlay to carry on and complete a work of the kind, but such a consideration as that, though at times very formidable while there was a lack, faded at once before a knowledge of the facts. These facts he was there to illustrate. This was a work which did not entirely as a mere matter of speculation, devolve upon the enterprise of the people, though in that view it would be a profitable one. Every great undertaking here was the work of private individuals, whereas in other countries such works were carried on by Governments, or never undertaken or thought of. But of all the works ever contemplated in this country, there never was one which demanded the ready support of the Government. The whole cost would perhaps involve an outlay of one hundred and fifty millions of dollars, but the return for that outlay would at once come in from the development of wealth and resources of the country. It was almost impossible for him to enumerate the advantages to be derived from opening up the country from these States to the shores of the Pacific. All they required from the Government was to countenance and assist the undertaking. If the Government advanced fifty millions for ten years, they would find their benefit in it. The whole money might be raised on bonds at 6 per cent, which could be reimbursed out of the profits of the line. Such a railroad would make New-York the centre of the trade of the world. It would stimulate manufactures, and increase not only the productiveness of the mineral and agricultural wealth of the country, but add materially to every interest connected with the trade and commerce of the land. The Pacific Railroad would be the great work of the age, and he hoped to see it carried out to a successful termination.

At the conclusion of the lecture, a vote of thanks was unanimously accorded to Mr. GREELEY.

NEWS BY TELEGRAPH.

FROM WASHINGTON.

The Organization of the House—The Republican House on Intervention—Changes in Senate Committees—Gathering of Congressmen—Health of Judge Douglas and Secretary Floyd—The Messages.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.

WASHINGTON, Wednesday, Nov. 30.

Several prominent Republican Members of Congress have arrived, and they are sanguine of securing the organization of the House without a struggle. The Democrats may adopt the policy of making no nomination for Speaker, as many of them believe this the surer mode of securing an organization. The Southern Opposition can then exercise their choice, and may more readily coalesce.

Hon. JOHN SHERMAN has taken elegant suites of rooms at Willard's, where he is surrounded with company.

The Republicans deny having indorsed sentiments of HELPER'S "Impending Crisis." They only indorsed, they say, a circular recommending its publication and circulation, and that without having read or seen the book. They utterly repudiate the idea of interference with Slavery in Southern States.

It is understood that Senator HERSCHEL will be placed on the Post-office Committee of the Senate, in compliment to the memory of Gen. RUSK, whose distinguished services in that position are known to the country. It is also stated that Senator YULEE will retire from the Chairmanship of the same Committee, in view of the fact that Postmaster-General HOLT is his brother-in-law.

Lord LYONS, I understand, is satisfied from his dispatches that the San Juan difficulty has been satisfactorily arranged between Gov. DOUGLASS and Gen. SCOTT. Q.

[FROM THE REPORTER OF THE ASSOCIATED PRESS.]

WASHINGTON, Wednesday, Nov. 30.

There are now about eighty members of Congress in Washington. The caucuses of the respective parties will be held on Saturday night.

Judge DOUGLAS and wife design leaving this city on the 12th December for Florida, on recommendation of their physicians.

Secretary FLOYD says his health is restored.

From present indications, it is probable that the Press will be supplied with copies of the President's Message and accompanying documents as heretofore.

A Distinguished Clergyman in Trouble.

REV. S. L. POMEROY, D. D., AND THE AMERICAN BOARD OF MISSIONS.

BOSTON, Wednesday, Nov. 30.

The following card, printed in several morning papers, excites attention. It is dated at the Missionary House, Boston:

TO THE PUBLIC: Facts have come to the knowledge of the Prudential Committee of the American Board of Commissioners for Foreign Missions, deeply implicating the moral character of Dr. POMEROY, and rendering it impossible that he should longer retain his official position as a Secretary of the Board. He has resigned, and is no longer to be recognized as an officer of the Board. The facts referred to have no connection with his official action. By order of the Prudential Committee. Signed,

CHARLES STODDARD, Chairman.

In explanation of this card, it is stated that during the temporary absence of Dr. POMEROY, letters addressed to him at the Mission House were opened, making developments which induced him to appear before the Committee and make a confession, which, in substance, was to the following effect: That some months ago he was walking out in the evening, and was accosted by a well-dressed female, and at her request accompanied her to her home. While in the parlor in conversation with her a man came in, and, under the threat of exposure, forced him to sign a note of $500, which he did, and subsequently paid it. Since that he was enticed by another female into another house, and there two men assailed him, and forced him to sign another note for $500, which he subsequently paid. Another woman, by the representation that she was suffering with a dissipated husband and destitute children, enlisted his feelings, and he opened a correspondence with her, and subsequently, by the advice of Mr. CHOATE, paid $500 to get his letters back, which he did, and destroyed them." These statements Dr. POMEROY admits to be true, and nothing further.

Disastrous Collision.

TWO VESSELS AND FIVE MEN LOST.

PORT SARNIA, C. W., Wednesday, Nov. 30.

The propeller *Milwaukie* and the schooner *J. H. Tiffany*, got in collision at midnight, on Monday, in the Straits of Mackinac. Both of them sunk in sixteen fathoms. All hands of the *Milwaukie* took to their boats, and were picked up by the propeller *Free State*, which also saved all the crew of the schooner, excepting the cook and four sailors.

From Boston.

CONGRESSMEN LEAVING FOR WASHINGTON.

BOSTON, Wednesday, Nov. 30.

Messrs. WILSON and SUMNER, of this State, and WASHBURN, MORRS, and FRENCH, of Maine, C. C. WASHBURN, of Wisconsin, and OWEN LOVEJOY, of Illinois, left this city to-day for Washington.

The Board of State Canvassers.

ALBANY, Wednesday, Nov. 30.

The Board of State Canvassers meet on the 14th of December. The delay is in consequence of the non-return of votes from Yates County. The Secretary of State sent a messenger there to-day for the returns.

South Carolina Legislature.

AUGUSTA, Ga., Wednesday, Nov. 30.

The South Carolina Legislature met on Monday. The Governor's Message relates chiefly to State affairs; he recommends, in case of the election of a Republican President, the co-operation of the Southern institutions.

Sinking of the Steamer Lake City.

ST. LOUIS, Wednesday, Nov. 30.

The steamer *Lake City*, hence for Arkansas River, sunk at Carondolet, six miles below here, last evening. The boat was valued at $17,000, and it was insured in Pittsburgh for $10,000. The cargo is badly damaged.

SPEECH BY HON. CHARLES SUMNER.—CARL SCHURZ, of Wisconsin, lectured, on Tuesday evening, in the Fraternity Course at Boston. His subject was "Reforms and Revolutions." At the close of the lecture Mr. SUMNER, who was present, was persistently called for and spoke as follows:

"FELLOW-CITIZENS: This occasion does not belong to me, but to the distinguished gentleman from Wisconsin, whose address, to-night, has been marked, at once, alow me to say, by knowledge, sagacity and elevated sentiment, while it has been delivered with a grace and eloquence which may make us all forget that the English tongue was not the language that he spoke in his infancy. (Applause.) You know me too well, I believe, to suppose that I can be indifferent to the expressions of your good will to-night. It makes me happy and proud. But, beyond the satisfaction of seeing, face to face, so many of my friends and neighbors whom I have the honor to represent in another place, I have a special delight in the consciousness (but I may say that I am again, after a long struggle, a well man. (Warm applause.) They only who have once lost their health can know the delight of health regained. Fellow-citizens, accept my thanks for the kindness with which you have honored me. I go, to-morrow, to resume my duties in another place, and I shall feel stronger for your sympathy."

Mr. SUMNER spoke with much feeling, and was loudly applauded at the close of his remarks.

THE VIRGINIA INSURGENTS.

AFFAIRS AT CHARLESTOWN.

Preparations for the Execution of Brown.

FACTS, DOCUMENTS AND LETTERS.

BALTIMORE, Wednesday, Nov. 30.

Three passengers by the western train of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad were taken out of the cars to-day on their arrival at Harper's Ferry, by the military there, and imprisoned. The parties arrested are merchants of Cincinnati, who were on their way to this city. At Stephen they were heard to express themselves quite freely in relation to John Brown and his family, expressing great sympathy for him and them. The conversation was heard by a man, alleged to be a spy of Gov. WISE, who telegraphed to Harper's Ferry an account of the matter, and a description of the parties. When the cars reached there the volunteers entered with loaded muskets and carried the men away, notwithstanding they earnestly protested their innocence. These proceedings were, of course, without the consent of the Company, and they cannot be held responsible for them. The Company has only engaged to exercise during the present week proper surveillance, and to refuse to carry persons who may be suspected of evil intentions. The Company refuse to sell tickets for Charlestown till after the execution of the insurrectionists. Among the passengers, to-day, was JOHN BROWN, who had a permit from the Governor.

CHARLESTOWN, Wednesday, Nov. 30.

The town is filling up every hour with people from abroad.

All was quiet to-day.

A strict watch is kept at the dépôt upon all strangers by special police officers, who pass through every car before they allow the passengers to come out.

Mr. EDWARDS, Member of Congress from Ohio, is among the recent arrivals. He is on a mission from Brown's son, to obtain the body of his father, but was informed, to-day, that no decision had been arrived at as to the disposal of the body, when he left for Harper's Ferry.

The Governor is hourly expected to arrive, with 200 additional troops.

BROWN'S WIFE IN PHILADELPHIA.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Wednesday, Nov. 30.

Mrs. BROWN has been staying with friends in this city several days. She will not attempt to go further South, and awaits the event of Friday with heroic composure. JOHN BROWN has many sympathizers in Philadelphia, and a mass meeting will be held in National Hall, on Friday, at which LUCRETIA MOTT, Rev. Dr. FURNESS, and other noted Abolitionists, will make speeches.

THE PANIC AT CHARLESTOWN.

Correspondence of the New-York Times.

CHARLESTOWN, Va., Tuesday Night, Nov. 29, 1859.

There is everywhere discernible here a vague dread of some fearful expression of sympathy with Brown on the fatal Friday. Curious to relate, patrols have been stationed in all quarters, but that from which (should any be in contemplation) an attack might reasonably be expected. They are profusely posted on all the Southern borders, but the inlet from the West is entirely unguarded.

The maids and matrons of Charlestown are all alive. Last Sunday, between their little spasms of alarm, they occupied their fair fingers with the construction of no less than five hundred bed-ticks for the soldiers.

It has been understood here that a large party of excursionists (numbering 2,000 in all) were coming to the execution, Mr. PERHAM, the famous gift-enterprizer, having gone into their transportation as a speculation. I am informed, however, that (probably at the instigation of Gov. WISE) the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company have refused to allow the visitors to pass over their road on any terms. N.

A PANIC IN TALBOT COUNTY, MARYLAND.

A letter from a reliable source in Talbot (says the Baltimore *Exchange*) thus explains the excitement said to exist in that county: "There will be, I apprehend, some rumors reaching you of an unpleasant excitement here, but I hope that neither currency or cred' it will be given to such. It seems that a portion of a letter was picked up yesterday at St. Michael's, without date, signature or address upon it, but making allusion to meetings of servants to be held at three different places in Miles River Neck. The purpose was not stated, but as the fragments stated that six hours would be sufficient for the accomplishment of their objects, it was supposed that a grand stampede was alluded to. Whether the paper is an old affair or of recent origin, whether a genuine document or a hoax, has not been determined.

GOV. WISE'S PROCLAMATION.

The following is the Proclamation of Gov. WISE, referred to in our dispatches yesterday:

A PROCLAMATION BY THE GOVERNOR.

Whereas, I have called forth a part of the militia of the State to suppress combination to obstruct the due execution of the laws thereof in the ordinary cause of proceeding in the County of Jefferson, and may have to call for an additional force for that end, and am invested with authority by law to issue such orders and take such measures for procuring and transporting the detachments as shall seem best, and have appointed J. LUCIUS DAVIS Acting Quartermaster and Commissary-General for the troops under Major-General WILLIAM B. TALIAFERRO, and assistant to the Adjutant-General here, for the accommodation, equipment, and support of the detachments in service.

Now, therefore, all persons are notified that the trains of the Winchester and Potomac Railroad Company are placed under orders of said Quartermaster and Commissary-General DAVIS, for impressment on the 1st, 2d, and 3d of December next. He will, under orders of Major-General TALIAFERRO, guard those trains for the use and occupation of Virginia troops alone, and permit no other transportation but for them.

And the citizens of this Commonwealth are warned to remain at home and on guard or patrol duty on the 2d of December, and to abstain from going to Charlestown. Orders are issued to prevent women and children, and strangers are hereby cautioned that there will be danger to them in approaching that place, or near it, on that day. If deemed necessary, martial law will be proclaimed and enforced.

Given under my hand as Governor, and under the Seal of the Commonwealth, at Richmond, this 28th day of November, 1859, and the eighty-fourth year of the Commonwealth. HENRY A. WISE.

By the Governor. GEO. W. MUNFORD, Secretary of the Commonwealth.

LETTER FROM CAPT. COOK.

MESSAGES TO HIS FRIENDS—HE DEPRECATES ANY ATTEMPT AT RESCUE.

The following letter from Capt. JOHN E. COOK, received by his brother-in-law in this City, has been handed us for publication:

CHARLESTOWN JAIL, Monday, Nov. 21, 1859.

MY EVER DEAR SISTER AND BROTHER: Your kind and welcome letter, postmarked Nov. 14, I received the following day. I have no words to tell the deep, pure joy it gave me. So kind, so full of love and affection that while it gave new life, still made me feel that I was all unworthy of such a fond and devoted sister. You cannot know my feelings as I read o'er and o'er again the dear lines your hands had penned. Confined within my lonely cell, shut out from society your letter came like the "olive-branch" to those who for long, long days, had floated o'er a deluged world. It came to me as the "olive-branch" of love, borne from a dear sister's heart. Those lines came to me but to wake responsive echoes to your tones of love, which thrilled through all my soul like some wild burst of seraph music, over whose sounds we love to linger. Those dear lines are engraven on my heart's core and on my memory, stamped in bright, eternal characters. It made my lonely cell more cheerful, for, from every word and line beamed love's own sunshine o'er my heart. It awoke to newer life every chord of affection and every kindred tie. *I know that you do not believe that any stain of murder roots upon my soul.* Though doomed to die for such a crime, I feel a conscious innocence from such deep stains of blood. *Whatever may be my fate, I shall meet it calmly.* If we are thus early parted here, I hope that we again may meet where partings are unknown.

Gov. WISE arrived here with about 400 troops last Sunday night. Two companies had come up from Alexandria the Friday previous; in all, between 600 and 800 men, with five pieces of artillery. They have all sorts of rumors here about an attempt to rescue us. *I have no idea that any one of the North has any such idea. At least, I hope they have not.* Guards are stationed at every avenue, and I believe are relieved every hour. Within the last few days, they have stationed a guard in the hall in front of my prison door, soon after dark, which they change every hour. Gov. WISE has not been in to see me yet, but I expect him this morning. Cosner is in the same cell with me. * * * Yesterday we had about 400 visitors, mostly soldiers, many of whom expressed a great deal of sympathy for us. WEDNESDAY MORNING, Nov. 23.

When I left off writing, yesterday morning, I did not think that this letter was destined to be delayed another day. But so it is. We had about 400 more visitors yesterday. Among them were three young ladies from Harper's Ferry, two of whom I was acquainted with. They gazed on me a moment with deep commiseration, and then burst into tears. They sympathized deeply with me in my sad position. I was glad to see them. * * * I have but a very poor chance to write here, as so many are constantly coming in to see us; some through sympathy, but more through curiosity. But there are many with whom I have become acquainted since I have been here, that I know do most truly sympathize with me. The jailer, Mr. AVIS, is a kind hearted and a noble man. All the attendants about the prison are very kind to us all. Sheriff CAMPBELL has also done us many favors. Edwin Coppie, one of my comrades, is now in the same cell with me. We have been together about ten days. He is a noble-hearted fellow. But I must close. Accept my love and best wishes for the welfare of you and yours. Good bye.

As ever, your affectionate brother,

J. E. COOK.

SYMPATHY FOR THE CONDEMNED.

The Wesleyan Methodists in Syracuse, N. Y., have appointed a prayer-meeting at their Chapel, on Friday morning, at 6 o'clock, for the purpose of offering up special prayer for JOHN BROWN, who is to be executed on that day. All Christians in that city are invited to attend this meeting.

In many of the New-England towns meetings of sympathy are appointed to be held at the time fixed for the execution at Charlestown. It was resolved at a meeting in the Joy-street Church, Boston, on Sunday, that all colored citizens having places of business, should close them on the day named, and pass the time as gloomily as possible. At a meeting of the colored citizens of Worcester, which was held on Tuesday night, it was proposed that the part of the population which those present represented, should abstain from all ordinary occupations between the hours of 11 and 2 o'clock, and that they should wear crape for one week after the event.

A general prayer-meeting of the colored people of Philadelphia will be held on Friday, at the Shiloh Church. The colored ministers, who sign the call for the prayer-meeting, say:

"We invite our people to meet at 10 A. M., laying aside all secular concerns, as far as possible, and in a devout, orderly spirit, presenting themselves, with fasting and prayer, before a God of truth and justice, whom we acknowledge as the common Father of mankind—holy, just and true in all His dealings with His children. That to this ever-living God and Father, we may make a united appeal, that He remove from us the miseries of oppression, and from our common country its infatuated blindness, its sneering, sceptical spirit and practical Atheism. That repentance and pardon may be given to the black man and white man of this country. To the black man, because he has said in the bitterness of the anguish of his misery, God has forgotten us! And to the white man, because he has said, in the pride and insolence of his heart, There is no God."

It is the opinion of intelligent colored men, in Philadelphia, that any public demonstrations of feeling in regard to this matter, are unwise and injudicious, and had better be omitted.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

BOSTON, Wednesday, Nov. 30.

Meetings of sympathy for JOHN BROWN are to be held on the day of his execution at Tremont Temple, Boston; and also at Haverhill, Natick, and probably other towns in the State.

A PLEA FOR BROWN.

A petition has been prepared and is now receiving signatures in Philadelphia, addressed to Governor WISE, and invoking his clemency toward the condemned on the following grounds:

First. Because they consider he is, on the subject of negro emancipation, a monomaniac.

Second. Because, though deluded on that subject, we consider the said JOHN BROWN to be entirely sincere, and that he is a brave and devoted man to what he considers his duty.

Third. Because we think the honor of the State of Virginia will be best promoted by a fearless and honorable generosity.

Fourth. Because generous action will best please and gratify the large number of your fellow citizens throughout the United States.

Fifth. Because they are of the opinion that Virginia can confine, and keep from doing harm, those who have offended her, and to whom it may be said, "You are CLEAN."

ONE OF BROWNS PIKES.

The Richmond Grays have presented one of JOHN BROWN's pikes to the National Guard of this City. It was exhibited in town, yesterday, by Corporal FUSSER, of Company A, of the Guard, to whom it was intrusted at Harper's Ferry. The shaft is of ash, six feet long, and roughly finished. The blade is double-edged, tapering from a base two inches in width, with an iron guard four inches long and one-third of an inch thick. The weapon is stout and very formidable.

CITY INTELLIGENCE.

COMMISSIONERS OF EMIGRATION—PAYMENTS FOR THE FLOATING HOSPITAL.—There was not a quorum yesterday at the regular weekly meeting of the Commissioners of Emigration. The weekly statement shows that there have been only 350 emigrant arrivals for the week, and $2,236 67 received for commutation. Payments for the maintenance of the Floating Hospital continue to be made from the Emigrant Fund, with the expectation that the amounts thus disbursed will be returned by the Legislature. It is now alleged that these payments for the support of the Floating Hospital, including the salary of attending physician, exceed the expenses of the old hospital establishment. Some members of the Board protest against these payments as a misappropriation of the Emigrant Commutation Fund.

TROUBLE AMONG THE FIGHTING MEN.—A number of fighting men, among whom were TOM HYRE, JOHN MATHEWS, (brother to PAS,) DICK PEAPE, WM. POST, and others, were standing on the corner of Broadway and Houston-street, yesterday morning, between 2 and 3 o'clock, when a dispute arose between PEAPE and POST regarding the prospective fight between SAYERS and HEENAN. Words were drawn, and a tragedy similar to that enacted at Stamford last three years since would have been enacted, but for the efforts of some policemen of the Eighth Precinct, who separated the combatants and dispersed the party.

A GREAT CONVENIENCE.—The iron letter-boxes about the amp-posts, which have been so much talked of and so ardently desired, are about to be distributed through the City. They have already been placed at the corners of Fourteenth-street and Broadway and of Fourth-avenue and Seventeenth-street, and at the junction of Fifth-avenue and Broadway. It is the intention of Postmaster FOWLER to have 1,000 placed at the most convenient localities. For the many westbound journies down town which this will save them, all residents in the upper part of the City will be duly thankful.

SOCIETY FOR THE RELIEF OF THE WIDOWS AND ORPHANS OF MEDICAL MEN.—At the seventeenth annual meeting of the New-York Society for the Relief of the Widows and Orphans of Medical men, held yesterday afternoon, the following gentlemen were elected officers for the ensuing year: President, Dr. JAMES ANDERSON; Vice Presidents, Drs. Henry Bulkley, Geo. Camps, William Detmold; Treasurer, Dr. E. L. Beadle; Managers, Drs. Wood, Delafield, White, Crane, Post, Woodward, Hubbard.

LADIES' FESTIVAL.—A festival, given by the young ladies of the Third Dutch Church, Lafayette-place and Fourth-street, in aid of their Bible-class, is now open to the charitable public. The tables are well filled with articles suitable for holiday gifts.

"THE HEART OF THE ANDES."—The exhibition of this triumph of American art will positively close on Monday next, after which the picture will be transferred to Boston.

THE STEAMER FOR HAVANA AND NEW-ORLEANS.—The steamship *De Soto*, for Havana and New-Orleans, is detained beyond her regular day. She will leave on Thursday, the 1st prox., at 3 o'clock P. M.

LECTURE.—Rev. WM. HENRY MILBURN is announced to repeat his popular lecture, "What the Blind Man saw in England," at the Thirteenth-street Presbyterian Church, this evening.

Fires.

FIRE IN A CARPET FACTORY—LOSS BETWEEN $40,000 AND $50,000.

Yesterday morning, between 9 and 10 o'clock, a fire was discovered in the extensive carpet manufactory of A. & E. S. HOGANS & Co., in Forty-third-street, near the North River. It originated on the fourth floor, but in what manner is not known, and before it was extinguished the second and third floors were completely destroyed. The manufactory was one of the largest in this country, and the destruction of a part of it will have the effect of throwing out of employment about 600 of the sixteen hundred operatives usually engaged. The total loss will not fall far short of $70,000, and is fully covered by an insurance of $200,000, part of which is in Boston Companies. The following are a portion of the insurances: Relief, $5,000; Washington, $5,000; Equitable, $5,000; Lenox, $5,000; Empire City, $5,000. The full proprietors of the insurance the proprietors refused to furnish. A member of No. 6 Hook and Ladder Co., named JOHN CARLE, was badly hurt on the head by a brick from the falling wall, and JOHN SWARBRICK, of Ivy mine Company, had his foot cut seriously with an axe. PATRICK MCDONALD was knocked down in the street and his leg was broken.

IN BROOME-STREET.

About 10¾ o'clock A. M. yesterday, a trifling fire occurred in a dwelling in Broome-street, near Centre Market-place.

Coroners' Inquests.

DEATH OF A FIREMAN.

JAMES WHALEN, a member of Hose Company No. 35, was fatally injured, last Monday, while going to a fire down town, and died on Tuesday night at the City Hospital. Coroner O'HARA held an inquest. The evidence showed that deceased was caught between the tongue of the hose carriage and another vehicle, at the corner of Rector-street and Trinity-place. The jury found that the injuries were accidental.

A SUICIDE.

On Tuesday evening an unknown man jumped into the river from a Hamilton-street ferry-boat. His body was not seen afterward, and it is supposed that he was killed by the paddle-wheel.

Police Reports.

DRIVING THE SPOKES.

Hugh Reilly was arrested, yesterday, on a charge of having been concerned in entering the bedroom of John C. Donnelly, corner of Thirteenth-street and Third-avenue, and of purloining from which was contained in a writing-desk. He subsequently lodged the change, and did not have any money. Margaret Reilly, Ann Burke and Ann Mary Roe, who had also been arrested as accomplices, all of the parties were held for trial, the girls having admitted the truth of Reilly's statement.

AN ALLEGED COUNTERFEITER

THE PACIFIC COAST.

ARRIVAL OF THE NORTHERN LIGHT.

Interesting from Chili and Peru.

From California, by the Overland Mail.

The steamship *Northern Light*, Capt. S. L. Thompson, from Aspinwall on the evening of Nov. 20, arrived here yesterday morning.

The *Northern Light* touched at Havana to land mails and her hundred passengers for New-Orleans.

The news from the Isthmus is but one day later, and is quite unimportant.

The steamships Cora, Valparaiso and Callao were at Panama.

CHILI.

The Congress has converted into a Dictatorship—Suspension of Business—Naval Engagement—The American Difficulty—Miscellaneous.

From Our Own Correspondent.

VALPARAISO, SUNDAY, Oct. 18, 1859.

Congress has voted to extend the dictatorial powers of the Government until November, 1860—that is, for another year. We have had the news up to the commencement of last month, at which time the Congressional session was just on its last legs. Four men concerned in a military in Santiago were to have been executed yesterday, but they had later the sentence commuted to twelve years' imprisonment in the penitentiary.

Business, however, is in a complete state of stagnation. The Custom-house revenue for the month of August having been $600,000, fell, in September, to $200,000. Retail dealers make great complaints. Several failures have occurred.

The American steam-frigate *Merrimac* arrived a week ago, flag-ship of Commodore MORRIS. The Commodore not arrived; for which reason, having received orders to proceed to Nicaragua, the Flag-officer has gone in hard the *Lexington*, and will proceed to sea in her. She lies ready at this moment, with her steam. The *Merrimac* is to go home at once. The Flag-officer sailed hence week ago.

Capt. MINOTTO, marine officer, U. S. N., arrived by last steamer from Panama, bearer of dispatches from Washington to Mr. BIVLEY, the Minister. Their purport has not yet become public; although a paragraph in the papers states that the ratification of the agreement to refer the old Macedonian claim to the King of Belgium, will be completed in a day or two. This, perhaps, is the burden of the messenger's errand.

Those who anticipated belligerent measures against the Chilian Government, growing out of the business with the late American Consul, Dr. TREVITT, have probably been disappointed. The opinion of several of our most judicious American citizens has been from the first that the Consul could not be sustained. He remains here still, some say in hope of being reinstated.

Gaspar Rosales is in prison still; his friends state that he will soon be out on bail from his father for good behavior, to reside at Caraquenas. A man named Serrano is to be banished; he is an American. Another, named Correa, has been sentenced to be shot. DAMIEN PEREZ and LEONARD DENNE are in prison, and will be sent out of the country. OSSA has been put at liberty, on condition of his going to reside on his estate in the interior. BAUNE ELIZALDE and DOMINGO ELIZALDE MARIA are in prison still.

The Valparaiso Council appointed a Committee to examine and report on the causes of its failure to yield a better dividend. The report was recently received, and at last meeting sets to be debated on questions of its adoption. This manager, Mr. ROBERT YOUNG, has resigned his office.

The Insurance Company is doing well. A Valparaiso Lloyds has been organized, which has yielded very well. All the risks against fire have been retired. Risks at 1½ per cent. last year, are charged 2½ per cent. now.

OVALLE, the Secretary of the Treasury, has recently resigned. JUSTO NOVOA, formerly Intendente or Governor of the province, has been appointed to the office.

The Government has brought forward a bill to make persons who promulgate revolutions personally responsible for the injury thereby caused. Perhaps this may check the revolutionary movement now prevailing. It will be well to let such gentlemen know that they must pay for their diversions.

The American propeller *Pelgrazian* has resumed her regular trips to Talcahuano. She has received entire new machinery, from the foundry of MOTLEY & BONNEWAN.

SOUTH PACIFIC.

PERU.

Paralysis of Trade—Death of the Chilian Consul—Escape of a Political Prisoner—Miscellaneous.

Correspondency of the New-York Times.

CALLAO, Friday, Oct. 28, 1859.

Interesting news cannot be found in this part of the world, owing to the complete stagnation of all classes of trade, and the ruinous rate of Exchange, that continues to hinder remittances. I have learned that Bills on the United States have been sold at 90 days, 28 per cent. premium. On England, 37 pence has been paid for drafts. American gold has exchanged hands at 25@26 per cent premium. Sovereigns, $6 in cash.

Mr. TERNACEVA, the Chilian Minister, died yesterday at 4 P.M.

Gen. RIVAS came passenger in the Southern steamer, and was prohibited from landing; but through the assistance of Officer BURKE, who had him in custody on board, he has escaped, and cannot be found. Report says that he got through the cabin window. Gold was probably the expediting means.

The following arrivals from the United States, with assorted cargoes, have occurred since my last: Bark Oasis, from New-York; ship *Reed*, from Savannah.

Guano freights remain at $15 to Hampton Roads, $16 to Havana, £2 to Europe.

CALIFORNIA.

The Weather—Wreck of the Phenix and the Ocean Wave—Miscellaneous Items.

From Our Own Correspondent.

SAN FRANCISCO, Monday, Nov. 7, 1859.

At the closing of my last letter, by the steamer of the 5th inst., the rain was pouring down steadily, and the indications were all in favor of a long wet spell. To-day, however, we are enjoying cloudless skies and that peculiar state of atmosphere which renders objects at a distance as seen through a magnifying-glass. During Friday and Saturday a great deal of rain fell in the interior, and the mountain heights are covered with snow. The effect of the opening storm on the mercantile interests is already seen this morning in the increased activity of business on Front-street.

Capt. R. G. HARDY, of the bark *Phenix*, which was wrecked on Elbow Island on the 12th ult., reached here yesterday in the schooner Sarah, of Massachusetts. He furnishes the following account of the loss of his own vessel and that of the bark Ocean Wave, of New-Bedford, Capt. BAKER, with all hands, in a snow-storm:

ON BOARD WHALE-SHIP MASSACHUSETTS, Nov. 6, 1859.

The whale-ship *Phenix*, of Nantucket, under my command, and the whale-bark Ocean Wave, of New-Bedford, Capt. BAKER, were both wrecked on the 12th October, 1859. Being bound out from Shumagin Bay on the 11th October, I was forced by hard winds and bad weather to make a harbor of the west end of Elbow Island; came to anchor, the land distant about two and a half miles, and found the Ocean Wave, also at anchor about half a mile off; remained at anchor until 9 o'clock in the evening, when the wind shifted very suddenly to the west, and commenced blowing very heavily, accompanied by a thick snow-storm; we got all our anchors on the side, setting us towards shore, and kept them down, weather the gale. At 3 A. M., the snow having ceased, weather the Ocean Wave, which, like our vessel, had dragged her anchors, and also found that we were too near the shore to hope for deliverance by slipping our cables. The gale now increased, and the weather again closed in thick. I suppose it was about this time that the Ocean Wave slipped her cable and endeavored to work off, being outside of us. The tide now turned, and still hoping to save the vessel, let out a hawser with all the movable iron on board attached. The ship continuing to drag, and the gale continuing with unabating fury, cut away the mast, hoping thus to stop dragging, cutting through one mast, which she afterwards was four hours in cutting, and again floated in deep water, but backing off, partly as I oblige us to slip our cables and allow the ship to drive on shore to prevent her foundering. The next day, the gale having moderated, we landed in safety. Being fearful we should be forced to remain on the island all Winter, we all worked very hard to save all the clothing and provisions we could, but the vessel soon went to pieces. We found the Ocean Wave, who had seen our flag, and came to take us off, but it was not safe for the vessel, lying in the surf, to attempt it. We stayed with our entire crew all Winter on the island, and continued in good health, although suffering much from cold. The schooner, Captain Carlisle, found us there late season, and, with the assistance furnished, proceeded to the island of Unalaska, and succeeded in landing our number of passengers than usual. The *Golden Age* took one, and the *Orbigny* one.

JAMES FOX, a native of Ireland, 22 years of age, was arrested in Stockton on the 21 inst., for assaulting by Marshal TERRYS, who undertook to lead him to jail, but the arrested man resisted, threw the officer down and commenced to beat him, when the latter drew his knife and stabbed his assailant three times in the side, inflicting a mortal wound.

The prominence which has been given to yachting during the past two months, has, it is said, inspired a number of amateurs in their amusement to form a number of fashionable yacht clubs, and rumor has it that they intend sending to New-York for the model of the famous *Maria*, a boat which is said to have beaten the *America*, the champion of the great race which took place in England several years since. The design, it is said, is to build a boat on the lines of the *Maria*. It is stated that the builder of the *Pride of the Bay* intends to construct another larger boat on the same model, and that a gentleman of San Francisco has sent to New-York to purchase a well known fast yacht, which is to be brought here and pitted against anything that floats.

A meeting of citizens is called for this evening for the purpose of organizing an Astronomical Meteorological Observatory on the Pacific coast.

Two hundred thousand dollars in gold was deposited in the United States Branch Mint last week, and four hundred and twenty thousand dollars in twenty-dollar pieces were coined.

A girl fifteen years of age, named ALICE LAWRE, was abducted from school in San Jose some weeks ago, and it is feared she was sent to the East soon afterwards by the abductor, a public woman named INEZ MACDRADY, who disobeying a writ of Habeas corpus, left this State by the steamship *Golden Age* last Saturday.

JAMES G. STEWARTS, at one time Senator in our Legislature from Yuba County, was arrested on board the steamship *Golden Age* on Saturday, which she was steaming out of the bay, for absconding. Upon paying the sum of $1,270 which he was attempting to pass away with from Philip S. Cohen, of Front-street, he was allowed to proceed on his voyage.

Among the recently reported mining discoveries, I note the following: Mr. YATON, of Yreka, recently discovered a valuable stratum lead about two miles from that place.

A six foot strata of sulphur has been discovered in a gold mine near Folsom, Sacramento County.

It is rumored that some parties of this city intend forming a Company to construct a railroad from Sacramento City to Carson Valley, and purpose petitioning the Legislatures of this State and Utah Territory at their next sessions. It is thought that this enterprise will be more seriously taken that of the Pittsburgh and Philadelphia Railway across the Alleghany Mountains.

LAW REPORTS.

Parties to Actions not Examinable on Motions.

George W. Stake vs. Charles Andre.—In this case the plaintiff having a judgment against the defendant, gave notice of a motion to set aside a prior judgment against the defendant in favor of another person; and the Court, upon an *ex parte* application of the plaintiff in the prior judgment founded upon an affidavit, granted an order for a commission to take the testimony of the moving party in the motion, to be used for the hearing under which a commission has been issued.

The defendant moved, before Justice MULLER, at the Chambers Special Term of the Supreme Court, that the order and commission be set aside as unauthorized.

Justice MULLER has rendered his decision granting the motion. He denies that the provisions of the Revised Statutes relative to compelling a witness who refuses to make affidavit of facts known to him, and material, upon a motion or other proceeding in the Supreme Court, to give testimony before a Commissioner appointed by the Court to be used on the motion or other proceeding, do not warrant the order in question. They do not embrace the *parties* to the action in which the motion is made. At the time the provisions became a law, neither party to the action could be examined as a witness, and there is nothing in the statute manifesting an intention to change the law in that respect. The word witness ordinarily imports a person not a party. If the Legislature had intended to compel a party to an action to be examined their intention would doubtless have been expressed so clearly as to admit of no mistake.

His Honor further holds that the provisions of Laws of 1847, 1859, and of the Code, relative to the examination of parties as witnesses, relate only to the *trials of issues*, and do not authorise the compulsory examination of a party upon a *special motion*.

Suit for Upsetting a Platform and Breaking Plaintiff's Arm.

Terrence Mallon vs. Robert Reibersheit.—In this action the plaintiff alleges that in August, 1856, between Forty-fifth and Forty-sixth streets, on Third-avenue, he was standing on a platform, when the defendant wrongfully and carelessly drove a horse and wagon along, which came in contact with the platform, knocking it down, in consequence of which the plaintiff was greatly injured. His complaint stated that by the contact of the wagon and the platform the derrick was thrown, and, in falling, broke the plaintiff's arm. The defence was a denial of the matters alleged in the complaint. On the trial it appeared that the defendant was a laborer on the Croton Aqueduct. This action was now tried before Justice CLERKE, at the Circuit of the Supreme Court, and is still on. Francis Byrne for plaintiff; John C. Lang for defendant.

Verdict for the Sheriff's Case.

Jacob H. Yoke vs. James C. Willett.—This was an action against Ex-Sheriff Willett to recover the amount of a judgment against Theodore T. Edgerton and one S. W. Britton, the former of whom had escaped from jail limits after arrest and confinement. The case was reported in the TIMES of the 29th, and now resulted in a verdict for the defendant.

Important to Attorneys.

THEIR LIEN FOR COSTS, HOW FAR PROTECTED.

William H. Owen vs. Edgar M. Mason.—In this case, the defendant moved before Justice MULLER, at the Chambers of the Supreme Court, to vacate an inquest taken in the case for irregularity.

It appeared that the inquest was taken under the following circumstances. The action was reached at the Special Circuit in October, before Justice ROOSEVELT, and moved for trial by the plaintiff's attorney, when the plaintiff appeared by another attorney, not of record in the case, and stated to the Court that the action had been settled by the parties thereto, to their mutual satisfaction, to which the defendant's attorney, also appearing, assented, and moved to dismiss the complaint.

The attorney of record for the plaintiff objected, produced a notice of lien served upon the defendant, forbidding a settlement except with him as such attorney of record, and moved for a judgment against the defendant for the amount of his taxable costs, to be adjusted by the Clerk, on the ground that the settlement, being made without his consent, and in fraud of his right, was void as to him, or amounted at most to a confession of judgment, which entitled him to costs.

His Honor declined to rule on the motions, but adjourned the case, and ordered the defendant to move at Chambers, as he might be advised to dispose of the case.

Defendant then moved at Chambers, before his Honor, Judge ISARAHAM, for an order discontinuing the case on the grounds above mentioned.

The Judge, on the 15th of October, denied the motion without costs, and intimated that the only motion the defendant could make was for leave to file a supplemental answer, setting up the facts of the settlement, and that the Court would only allow such answer to be filed for such a purpose on payment of all costs of the plaintiff's attorney up to that time.

Defendant had leave to make such a motion, but never made it. When the cause was again reached at the Circuit, the plaintiff's attorney of record took an inquest, the defendant's attorney being in Court, but not appearing; and afterwards perfected judgment and issued execution thereon for $77, the amount of his costs.

Defendant now moved before Judge MULLER to vacate this inquest and execution for irregularity, on the ground that the case had been settled as aforesaid, and that the inquest was taken by the plaintiff's attorney, after an order from the plaintiff forbidding him to go on with the case, and therefore without authority.

His Honor held the inquest and execution to be regular, and denied the motion, with $10 costs.

Wm. W. Badger, attorney of record for plaintiff; Geo. Terwilliger, attorney for defendant.

Undervaluation.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT—NOV. 30—BEFORE JUDGE BETTS AND A JURY.

The United States vs. One Hundred kegs containing Emery.—This was an action brought to forfeit the goods which were imported from London in 1856, as having been undervalued in the invoice, with intention to defraud the Customs. The case was tried once before, when the jury found in favor of the Government. That verdict was, however, set aside and a new trial ordered, on the ground of the testimony of the claimant having been excluded. On this trial he was examined. The jury found a verdict for the claimant.

For the United States, Mr. Hunt and Mr. Craig; for the claimant, Mr. Walden and Judge Beebe.

General Sessions.

CONVICTIONS FOR ROBBERY AND LARCENY.

Patrick Gillespie, *alias* Thomas Higsby, a youth of 19, indicted for robbery in the first degree, pleaded guilty to grand larceny. On the 3d September, at 2 A. M., Thomas McCormick was in a drinking store in Worth-street, where he incautiously exhibited gold coin to the amount of $70. He was followed into the street by Gillespie and two others, who held him while Gillespie robbed him. Gillespie was sentenced to four years and six months in the State Prison.

Wilhelm Smith, indicted for grand larceny, in stealing from Charles Meyer, No. 32 Eldridge-street, jewelry valued at $101, pleaded guilty to an attempt at grand larceny. He called at Meyer's store on Nov. 19, and looked at a stock of jewelry with a pretended intention of purchasing. After he had left, Mr. Meyer missed jewelry to the above amount. The prisoner was arrested with the property in his possession. Sentenced to three years and six months in the State Prison.

James G. Rice was sent to the Penitentiary for one year for forgery in the fourth degree.

Thomas McAuley, for assault on S. J. Byrne, was sent to the Penitentiary for one year.

George Taylor, for attempt at burglary, was sent for two years to the Penitentiary.

Mary E. Brady was tried for arson, and acquitted.

Decisions.

SUPREME COURT—CHAMBERS.

Before Justice MULLER.—*Ballard vs. Fuller.*—Motion granted; costs of both witnesses be paid within twenty days after, the practice in this district being to allow parties attending as witnesses fees.

Application of Howes—Order appointing commissioners. Inquire into the facts set forth in the petition granted.

Commercial Insurance.—Order granted confirming the report of the Referee appointing Receiver.

Application of Washington Heights Congregational Church.—The petition must be addressed to a Justice of the Court—(not to the Court.)

Calendar—THURSDAY, Dec. 1.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT.—No calendar.

SUPREME COURT, GENERAL TERM.—Non-enumerated.—No. 87 on September calendar. Enumerated calendar of same term—Nos. 7, 60, 27, 90, 101 to 105, 107, 67, 61, 108, 109 to 113, 63, 9, 10, 206, 207, 100, 94, 114, 115, 115¾, 116.

SUPREME COURT, CHAMBERS—Part 2—Nos. 2401, 2412, 2413, 2419, 2421, 2422, 2303, 2223, 2111, 1207, 2080, 2420, 2422, 2429, 2431, 2425, 2437, 2443 and 443, (2445 No. 2.) *Part 3*—Adjourned to Monday.

MONETARY AFFAIRS.

Sales at the Stock Exchange.....Nov. 30.

$10,000 U. S. 6s, 1874	103⅝	100 Hud. Riv. R.	b30 41
10,000 Tenn. 6s, '90	b10 90¾	do	41
4,000 do	90¾	100 Stonington R.	67
32,000 Va. State 6s	83	400 Reading Railroad	40⅝
10,000 do	b5 83	300 do	s30 40⅞
2,000 N. C. State 6s	90	100 Mich. Central R.	41⅞
44,000 Mo. State 6s	84¼	200 do	b60 41⅞
1,000 do	s30 84⅝	200 Mich. So. & N. I. C. R.	19
1,000 N. Y. Central 6s	91	50 Panama R.	b30 131½
1,000 N. Y. Cen. R. 7s	109	200 do	b60 131½
9,000 Erie 2d M. Bs	94¼	50 do	s15 131½
3,000 Erie R. Ext. M. Bs	91⅞	200 do	131½
2,000 Hud. Riv. R. 2d M.	60	100 Illinois Central R.	56
2,000 Hud. Riv. R. 3d M.	79½	50 do	55⅛
1,000 Harlem R. 7s, 1874	90	50 do	55⅝
3,000 Mich. So. 2d M. B.	62	100 do	b30 56⅞
12,000 Int. & M. L. G. B.	12	200 do	b30 56⅞
5,000 R. & W. 1st M. B.	52	140 Cal. & Chi. R.	74½
1,000 R. & W. 2d M. B.	22	400 do	72½
2,000 Ill. Cen. R. Bds	88	100 do	b60 72½
7,000 do	88¼	50 do	b30 72½
5 American Ex. Bank	100	50 do	s10 72½
10 Central Park Bank	100	100 do	72½
300 Del. & Rud. C. Ca.	b60 59¾	20 Cleve. & Tol. R.	s60 29¾
25 do	59¾	100 do	21
6 Pacific Mail S. Co.	84	200 do	21⅛
80 do	b60 84	1180 Chic. & N. Isl. T.	65⅞
875 do	65	200 do	b60 64⅞
250 do	b30 65¼	100 do	b30 65¼
170 N. Y. Central R.	93⅞	200 do	s30 65
450 do	s30 93	1320 do	65
500 do	s10 93	100 do	s10 65⅛
500 do	b60 92	50 do	b30 65
800 do	92	50 do	b60 64⅞
25 Erie Railroad	34⅞	50 do	64⅞
68 do	34⅞	6 Macon & West'n R.	100

SECOND BOARD.

$10,000 Tenn. 6s, '90	s30 90	185 Pacific M. S. Co.	84⅞
1,000 do	90⅞	200 do	s10 85
2,000 Mo. State 6s	84⅞	200 N. Y. Cen. R.	b60 81⅞
5,000 do	b60 84⅞	100 do	81⅞
4000 Ill. Cen. R. Bds	88⅞	100 Erie Railroad	32⅞
1,000 Mich. S. 2d m. Bs	62	50 Harlem Railroad	19
1,000 do	61⅞	100 Reading R.	b60 40⅞
5 Ocean M. Sg. S. F. Bds	68	200 Panama Railroad	132
40 New'n & W. R.	41	200 do	b30 132½
80 Pacific M. S. Co.	81⅞	200 Ill. Central R.	68
100 do	s30 81	5 Cleve., C. & C. R.	98
100 do	b60 81⅞	100 Ga. & Chic. R.	72⅞
160 do	81	50 do	b60 72⅞
100 do	80⅞	250 C. & R. I. R.	s30 68⅞
2,000 do	80	500 do	68

WEDNESDAY, Nov. 30—P. M.

The Stock Market broke down ¼@¼ ⅌ cent. on the general Share list this afternoon, the lowest sales occurring after the printed report from the Second Board. The dealings through the early part of the day were of an unsettled character, except on Rock Island, for which the demand kept firm at 66¼@66 ⅌ cent., and on Reading, for which a few orders came from Philadelphia. New-York Central gave way on the first call of the Stock to 82 ⅌ cent., about which figure the price continued until the close of the Second Board, and then dropped to 81¼ ⅌ cent., Galena to 72½, Rock Island to 65¼@⅝, and Toledo to 20¾. The weakest points in the market through the whole day were Pacific Mail and Illinois Central Shares. The former reopened, after the wide fluctuations noticed yesterday, at 84 ⅌ cent.; some sold at 82, and in the afternoon sold heavily at 80 ⅌ cent., about which rate the Stock closed, on very current rumor that the conditions and guarantees required by VANDERBILT to make good the proposed sale of the Pacific line cannot be arranged to mutual satisfaction, and that the negotiation, for the present, stands adjourned; possibly soon to take some new form of settlement. The Illinois Central Shares fell to 55½ on the advice from London of a further decline in that market, and then sold up to 56¼ ⅌ cent., closing unsettled 56@57 ⅌ cent. Panama Shares reversed the general order of the list, selling lower in the morning and rising to 132½ at the Second Board. Hudson River and Harlem participated in the decline of the Central and the Western Stocks, while Erie was rather firmer than yesterday. The gross receipts of the Road for November, ending this afternoon, are reported $623,000 less, the difference in settlement with the Western connecting roads, which should leave the earnings of the Erie from $525,000 to $550,000. Last year a gross income of $513,000 settled up $446,000. The State Stocks were steady, and Federal fives somewhat firmer. In Railway Bonds the business differed but little from yesterday. There is less activity in Eries than at the close of last week, and extreme quotations for the later mortgages and for the Convertible Bonds are scarcely supported. The general market, late in the afternoon, closed heavy on the Share list.

In the Discount market, there is a little more firmness shown on 4@6 months paper, and the exceptions below 7 ⅌ cent. ⅌ annum, even on very choice names, are rare. Bills bearing 60@90 days to run, of the best class, continue to be done, outside of Bank, at 6@6¼ ⅌ cent. On temporary loan, the rates for Money among the Stock Brokers are, as usual of late, 5 to 6 ⅌ cent., with a good inquiry in particular quarters early in the day, at the outside figure. There was not much done in Exchange for the Hamburg steamer sailing to-morrow, but some parcels of Bullion will go by her for London and Paris, to land at Southampton, say $400,000 in Gold, and $80,000 in Silver. The steamer on Saturday is the *Vigo* for Liverpool. The official statement of the business of the month of November at the Sub-Treasury and Assay Office was rendered this afternoon, probably in season for this paper.

The Governor of Mississippi advocates, in his recent Message to the Legislature, the early payment of $2,000,000 of the old Public Debt incurred for the establishment of the Planters' Bank at Natchez, long since wound up. His closing sentiment on the subject is that

"It is due to ourselves and to the character of the State, *that all acknowledged obligations* should be promptly met. It can never cost an individual or State too much to be just."

Although never absolutely repudiated, these Planters' Bonds, for ten or fifteen years past, have stood but little better for the prospect of payment, either principal or interest, than the repudiated Union Bank five millions. The present recommendation is a most gratifying step in this direction. And while its qualification as applying only to "acknowledged obligations" would seem to imply no hope for the complete vindication of the State faith by the payment of the Union Bank debt, it is not wholly unreasonable to expect that a young commonwealth, so universally rich in her planting interest, and now so progressive in material improvement as to be able to build her railways without foreign aid, will *stop half way* in wiping out the disgrace of repudiation which tarnishes the State escutcheon. The best people of Mississippi, in point of substance and responsibility, have always been in favor of assuming the obligation of the Bonds issued to the Union Bank, and ever since held by third parties—most of them in Europe—although irregularly used by the Bank, and no consideration paid to the State. But the question was unfortunately taken out of the Legislature and thrown before the whole people, as a *party issue*, when political excitement ran high between the Democratic and Old Whig Parties, in 1842. And it so continued through all the popular elections, Gubernatorial, Legislative, *and Judicial*, (and even Congressional, at one time,) until the Whig Party was practically disbanded. The rich planting counties on and near the Mississippi River, as a rule, voted the Bond-paying ticket. The great body of substantial tax-payers everywhere acknowledged the public necessity and private justice of vindicating the State faith. But they were almost invariably overruled, because of an overshadowing partisan influence among the masses. And when a Supreme Court was finally had to pronounce the Bank, and the issue of Bonds for its establishment *constitutional*, the Judge who gave the very able opinion to this effect lost his seat at the next popular election, because he was not of the predominant part. But nearly all this excitement has now passed away, and Gov. MCWILLIE, long identified in politics with the Anti-Bond payers, comes forward to urge the responsibility upon the Legislature of at least the Planters' Bank debt, which in the deeper distress and embarrassment of the people in 1841-2 shared the common stigma of bankruptcy and repudiation. A new light thus breaks upon one of the darkest stains on the Public faith of the whole country—one that, however known on this side of the Atlantic as strictly *local*, has seldom failed to be *generalized* to the prejudice of American credit abroad.

We are requested to invite attention to an advertisement, in another part of this paper, which announces the opening of the American Railway Bureau for business, in Gebhard's Building, No. 19 Nassau-street.

The following is an official statement of the business at the office of the Assistant United States Treasurer, in this City, during the month of November:

Nov. 1, 1859, by balance		$1,008,703 59
Receipts during the month:		
Customs	$2,157,278 37	
Patent Fees	6,605 66	
Post-office Department	806,745 03	
Treasury Notes	1,200,000 00	
Miscellaneous	271,903 77—	4,032,091 61
Total		$5,640,795 40
Payments:		
Treasury Drafts	$2,526,000 00	
Post-office Drafts	190,109 03—	2,717,090 10
Nov. 30, 1859, Balance		$2,923,705 10

By Balance, Cr., Disbursing Accounts	$2,608,652 45	
By Receipts during the Month	1,267,368 42—	3,846,010 87
To payments		1,446,160 18
Balance		$2,399,849 69
By Balance, Cr., Interest Accounts		$37,425 39
To Payments		1,855 00
Balance		$35,570 39
By receipts for Customs in Nov., 1859		$2,157,278 37
By receipts for Customs in Nov., 1858		1,950,625 93
Increase in Nov., 1859		$206,652 44
By Balance, Cr., Bullion and Expense Account for Assay Office		$263,627 03
By Coin received during the Month	$83,386 21	
By Fine Bars received during the Month	225,632 24—	309,018 45
Total		$572,638 28
To payments in Coin	$95,475 20	
To payments in Fine Bars	212,490 08—	307,965 28
Balance		$264,673 00
By Coin in hand, in Assistant Treasurer's Office	$5,400,635 37	
By Coin in hand, in Assay Office	253,723 19—	5,714,357 56
By Fine Bars in Assay Office	32,236 28	
By Unparted Bullion in Assay Office	251,904 31—	284,140 59
Total		$5,998,518 15
Less due Depositors		50,442 69
Balance		$5,948,075 46

The following is a statement of business at the United States Assay Office, at New-York, for the month ending November 30, 1859:

Deposits of Gold.

Foreign Coins	$10,000
Foreign Bullion	12,000
United States Bullion	372,000—$394,000

Deposits and Purchases of Silver.

Foreign Coins	$36,000
Foreign Bullion	3,000
U. S. Bullion (contained in Gold)	2,800
U. S. Bullion (Old Coins)	1,000
U. S. Bullion (Lake Superior)	900
No. Br. Mint Bars	2,700—$ 47,400

Total Deposits.

Payable in Bars	$372,000
Payable in Coins	169,600—$441,600
Gold Bars Stamped	$242,000 00
Transmitted to Phila. Mint, for coinage	99,800 00

Photographic counterfeit $2 bills on the Bank of New-York were put in circulation to-day. They have a very dim appearance.

Wool Sale.

PHILADELPHIA, Wednesday, Nov. 30.

The auction sale of 400,000 pounds of Wool commenced at noon, M. THOMAS SONS, Auctioneers. There was a large attendance and lively bidding, and in an hour almost the whole lot was disposed of. The following are the prices obtained:

Extra Fleece	55c. @56½c.
Double Extra	62c. @—
Medium	39½c. @56½c.
Common	32c. @42c.
Three-fourths Blood	51½c. @—
Super Pulled	35½c. @36c.
Tub Wool	36c. @43½c.
Cape of Good Hope Unwashed	32½c. @—

The sale realized over $175,000, and was most satisfactory. Many of the bids were equal to the market price. There was a large attendance from the East.

Philadelphia Stock Board.

PHILADELPHIA, Wednesday, Nov. 30.

Stocks steady. Pennsylvania State Fives, 93; Reading Railroad, 29; Morris Canal, 50; Long Island Railroad, 11; Pennsylvania Railroad, 37.

Exchanges.

PHILADELPHIA, Wednesday, Nov. 30.

Sight Exchange on New-York par@1-20 ⅌ cent.

BALTIMORE, Wednesday, Nov. 30.

Sight Exchange on New-York ¼ ⅌ cent. prem.

Markets by Telegraph.

BUFFALO, Wednesday, Nov. 30—1 P. M.

FLOUR quiet and firm; sales 400 bbls. WHEAT—Operators are waiting eastern advices, and the market is therefore quiet; sales last evening, 11,000 bushels No. 2 Chicago Spring, at $1 03@$1 05½; 15,000 bushels No. 1 do., at $1 05; 11,000 bushels No. 1 Milwaukee Club at $1 07; and 5,500 bushels red Winter at $1 20; no sales this morning. CORN firm; sales 10,000 bushels new, at 62c. OATS steady; sales 2,600 bushels Western, at 36c.; 2,000 bushels Canadian, in bags, on private terms. WHISKY dull. *Imports to-day*—1,200 bbls. Flour, 12,000 bushels Wheat, 5,000 bushels Barley. *Canal Exports*—37,000 bushels Wheat, 6,000 bushels Corn.

PHILADELPHIA, Wednesday, Nov. 30.

FLOUR firm; sales of 2,500 bbls. Western extra at $5 75; for superfine $5 25 is refused. WHEAT advanced 2c.; sales of 8,000 bushels red at $1 32@$1 35; white, $1 40@$1 46. CORN firm; sales of 2,000 bushels new yellow at 75c.@75c. WHISKY steady at 26½c.@27½c.

Messrs. THOMAS & SONS' auction sale of 400,000 lbs. of wool is progressing.

BALTIMORE, Wednesday, Nov. 30.

FLOUR quiet at $5 37½ for Howard-street and Ohio. WHEAT closed with an advancing tendency; sales at $1 31@$1 45 for white, and $1 25@$1 26 for red. CORN dull at 66c.@73c. for yellow, and 65c.@70c. for new white; no old offered. WHISKY steady at 26c. PROVISIONS unchanged.

Commercial by the Europa.

LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKET.

The *Brokers' Circular* reports the sales of the week 44,000 bales, of which speculators took 1,800, and exporters 4,000 bales. The lower qualities were irregular, but generally lower, and holders were pressing them on the market, while the Fair and Middling descriptions were steady. The sales of Friday were 6,000 bales; the market closing dull at the following authorized quotations:

Fair Orleans	7¾d.
Middling Orleans	7¼d.
Fair Mobiles	7¾d.
Middling Mobiles	7 3-16d.
Fair Uplands	7¾d.
Middling Uplands	6⅞d.

The stock in port was estimated at 414,000 bales, of which 224,000 were American.

STATE OF TRADE.

The advices from Manchester are favorable. The market was firm at extreme prices.

LIVERPOOL BREADSTUFFS MARKET.

The Liverpool BREADSTUFFS market was firm but quiet.

Messrs. RICHARDSON, SPENCE & Co. report FLOUR quiet, but firm, at 28s.@28s. ⅌ bbl. WHEAT firm, and 2d.@3d. higher early in the week, but closed quiet; red, 9s. 3d.@10s. 3d.; white, 9s. 6d.@11s. 9d. CORN dull, but freely offered at a slight decline; yellow, 32s.@33s.; white 35s.@36s. ⅌ quarter.

BIGLAND, ASPIN & Co., report WHEAT 1d. higher, and CORN 6d. lower on the week.

LIVERPOOL PROVISION MARKET.

Messrs. BIGLAND, ASPIN & Co., RICHARDSON, SPENCE & Co., JAMES MCHENRY and others, report BEEF dull, and the poorer qualities slightly lower. PORK dull and nominally unchanged. BACON quiet. LARD steady, at 67s.@68s. TALLOW—Butcher's—36s. 6d.@38s.

LIVERPOOL PRODUCE MARKET.

The *Brokers' Circular* reports POT ASHES quiet, at 27s.@27s. 6d.; PEARLS quiet, at 27s. 9d.@28s. SUGAR firm. COFFEE dull. RICE firm; fair Carolina, 22s. 6d.@23s. 3d. BARK—sales unimportant. LINSEED CAKES in good demand, at £9 17s. 6d.@£9 15s. FISH OILS unchanged. OLIVE OIL—cancelled and excited market, and prices considerably higher. LINSEED OIL active, at 32s. 6d.@33s. 6d. ROSIN steady, at 4s.@4s. 1d. for common. SPIRITS TURPENTINE heavy, and offered at 33s. 6d. ex quay. TEA dull, and Blacks slightly lower.

LONDON MARKETS.

BARING'S Circular reports WHEAT advanced 1s.@2s., white, 40s.@50s.; red, 45s.@48s. FLOUR, 28s.@29s. RICE dull at £5 10s. for both rails and bars. PIG IRON steady at 52s.@52s. 3d. SUGAR firm and 6d.@1s. higher. COFFEE quiet. TEA quiet; Congou, 1s. 3d. SPIRITS TURPENTINE dull at 34s. 6d.@35s. TALLOW firm at 50s.@50s. 3d. LINSEED advanced 5s. @5s. LINSEED OIL, 32s. on the spot, and 32s. 6d. for future delivery. LINSEED CAKES in good demand; New-York, £9 15; Boston, £9 10s. FISH OILS—Sales unimportant. ROSIN firm and active.

LONDON MONEY MARKET.

Consols closed on Friday at 96@96⅛ for money and account.

The BULLION in the Bank of England has increased £20,000.

There was no change to note in the MONEY market.

BARNES'S circular quotes Bar SILVER, 4s. 2d.; DOLLARS, 4s. 1¾d. MEXICAN, 76c. 3d.

HAVRE MARKET.

For the week ending Nov. 19.

COTTON—Sales of the week, 18,000 bales; stock, 184,000 bales; prices were 1-16d. higher, the quarter closing quiet; New-Orleans (ordinary) 117c. do. (middling) 127c. BREADSTUFFS dull and nominally unchanged. COFFEE firm. SUGAR steady. RICE quiet. SPIRITS steady. LARD dull and nominal. WHALEBONE unchanged.

LATEST MARKETS.

LIVERPOOL, Saturday, Nov. 19—P. M.

The Cotton market is quiet and unchanged; sales, to-day, 6,000 bales. BREADSTUFFS are dull, but firm. PROVISIONS dull.

LONDON, Saturday, Nov. 19—P. M.

Consols, 96@96¼ for money, and 96@96¼ for account.

AMERICAN SECURITIES.

BARING BROTHERS report more business in

United States 6s	94	@ 94¼
United States 6s, Bonds 1868	98	@ —
Pennsylvania 6s

POLITICAL.

CITIZENS' MEETING.

GEORGE OPDYKE
for
MAYOR.

GRAND MEETING OF THE MERCHANTS, BUSINESS MEN, and OTHER CITIZENS OF NEW-YORK.

The undersigned, Merchants, Mechanics, and other citizens of New-York, favorable to the election of

HON. GEORGE OPDYKE

to the office of Mayor of the City, and who believe him to be in every respect, from his experience and acknowledged talents, the servant of material City expenditures, and to make appointments to office of respectable and able men, and that he, rather than any other candidate, can concentrate the votes of all good and patriotic citizens in opposition to the retention of men who would be under the control of unscrupulous partisans, invite their fellow-citizens to meet them

On THURSDAY EVENING, Dec. 1,

at the Cooper Institute,

to take such measures as will insure his election:

N. D. Morgan,
C. C. Kingsley,
Hiram Barney,
Luther Bradish,
D. F. T. Marshall,
Daniel Ullman,
Wm. M. Evarts,
John A. Kennedy,
Charles Apgar,
George F. Blunt,
Kessler & Co.,
Hoyt, Sprague & Co.,
Henry W. T. Mali & Co.,
Timothy C. Churchill,
J. W. Stitt & Co.,
Slocomb, Scott & Co.,
John D. Ward,
H. S. A. Sternberg & Co.,
E. E. Clark & Co.,
W. M. & G. C. Keeler,
Willard Pitt & Co.,
Elliott F. Shepherd,
Gideon Lee,
Isaac M. Phyfe,
Smith Brothers,
Joseph C. Pinckney,
Theodore C. Gleabenskie,
Joseph F. Cooper,
Wm. Atkinson,
Chas. A. Clark,
Gerard B. Thomas,
W. S. Pinckney,
Humphrey Ayles,
George W. Girban,
Edward Robinson, Jr.,
James F. Fagan,
William Allen,
Matthew Greene,
Charles T. Evans,
Amy Williams,
Thos. A. Ward,
James A Briggs,
Thos. Outwater,
John Cantrell,
John R. White,
Jas. Lee,
J. T. Williams,
V. S. Boynes,
Isaac Sherman,
Marshall B. Blake,
Alex. Olinch,
J. Seymour Mathews,
James Fairman,
Thos. C. Farr,
John J. Spencer,
Charles F. Jennings,
George F. Woodward, M.D.,
Wm. T. Black,
Henry V. Spurry,
Wm. A. Smalley, 17th Ward,
John H. Webb,
Franklin Marsh,
Jacob Strauss,
B. Wolfsohn,
Vincent Montanye,
Henry Burden,
W. J. Loudon,
Henry Hutchinson,
James Mc. Odell,
J. C. Parsons,
Wm. W. Northrop,
J. L. Cilley, 7th Ward,
Thos. Hall, 13th Ward,
Wm. E. Stafford,
D. L. Elder,
Horace Greeley,
George Kelsey,
Alfred Goodell,
Geo. F. Cosshman,
Emil Kirchnay,
Edward Guedery,
Frederick Olmstead,
John F. Brew,
Harvey E. Woods,
R. Harrison,
Horace T. Mairan,
John Mason,
Erasmus Sterling, 20th Wd.
Timo. R. Hibbard, 3d Ward,
Angus Cameron,
Jas. L. Hall, 71 E. 10th-st.,
B. L. Hall, 71 East 16th-st.,
A. L. Ward,
G. D. Chester, 335 Bro'dway,
Job L. Black, 144 E. 23d-st.,
Wash. Smith, 289 W. 19th-st.,
Hugh Gardner, 61 W. 24th-st.,
Willis Patten, 11 University-place,
D. C. Weeks, 237 2d-av.,
I. J. Oliver, 125 E. 13th-st.,
E. S. Collins, 27 Lexg'n-av.,
W. Laimbeer, 57 E. 26th-st.,
E. Stephenson, 71 E. 26th-st.,
A. A. Rose, 215 Varick-st.,
Geo. F. Dow, 32 Bank-st.,
J. H. Booth, 73 Bedford-st.,
Alex. McLeod, 67 West 20th-st.,
C. H. Swords, 142 Amity-st.,
James Quinn,
Martin Delaty,
Charles Miller,
Denis O'Brien,
Bernard Fitzgerald,
Michael Blight,
Henry Hughes,
Owen McCann,
Peter Kelly,
John Walker,
Denis Murphy,
W. C. Scaf,
John Ottiwell,
Jos. Bennett,
Wm. Hart,
John W. Johnson,
Wm. Johnson,
Joseph Buchanan,
James Teohig,
Charles Chesterman,
J. R. Citchell,
John De La Montagne,
Andrew Black, 6th District, 2d Ward,
George McKew, 4th District, 2d Ward,
James Curtis, 4th District, 2d Ward,
James Wilson, 4th District, 2d Ward,
John Kerr, 4th District, 2d Ward,
William Little, 4th District, 15th Ward,
D. W. Gregory, 242 6th-st.,
Robt. Lawney, 243 6th-st.,
T. B. Eager, 86 Columbia-st.,
Wm. H. Adams, 319 2d-av.,
T. C. Leland, 27 Bond-st.,
Jamire Comstock,
Wm. Guard,
Joseph Smith,
Wm. Bruer,
Jacob Kuer,
Frazee Burns,
Benjamin Church,
Robert Pearson,
Samuel Plomer,
Edward Forster,
James Graham,
George Forest,
Wm. Quigg,
Stephen Underhill,
John Arculaned,
Thomas Glant,
Edward Fox,
Vincent Sendergrass,
Wm. Wilson,
George Montgomery,
Patrick McGuire,
Larry Tuss,
Joseph Frisk,
Ederson Cox,
Thomas Sendergrass,
Aaron Husted,
T. Greenstein,
Wm. B. Penfold,
Wm. H. Beebe,
Wm. Chase,
James Clark,
J. Trapham,
J. M. Lane,
Wm. B. Holmes,
Putnam T. Nutt,
Asa S. Clark,
M. J. Williamson,
James Roche,
James Hughes,
Thomas Garney,
J. & A. Hurlburt,
L. & H. Underhill,
G. J. Jackson & Co.,
J. H. Johnston,
R. M. Robinson,
J. Bloomer,
C. Bearing,
A. Palmer,
J. Gross,
Robert Reinfield,
Anson L. Herrick,
John Clancy,
Jos. A. Hunter,
Jas. Hunter,
Benjamin Worden,
A. C. Colegrove,
Josiah F. Randall, 28 West 8th-st.,
Charles Baibrd,
A. Fuller, 61 13th-st.,
M. Wolf,
John D. Scott,
Hanford & Brownlad,
A. Keene & Co.,
Walter S. Ashton,
Hall Abbott-square,
Wm. Bryan & Co.,
Robert L. S. Hall,
Charles W. Tompson,
James F. Cumming,
Joseph Stevens,
John, Lazarus & Co.,
Haberstad & Co.,
Wm. H. Robinson,
Lewis Curtis,
J. F. Brenner,
John M. Ferrier,
J. H. Burnett,
T. G. Burnett,
R. W. Freedenburgh,
A. Vredenburgh,
Stewart & Smith,
E. H. St. John,
F. White,
J. W. Quackenbos,
M. V. B. Fowler,
John V. Freedenburgh,
F. F. Everts,
Hamilton Colket,
Wm. Curran,
Jas. Brown,
Hiram Worcester,
G. J. Livingston,
W. S. Buckhall,
Dayton Britton,
Jesse Olcott Riley,
Jas. Robert West,
J. W. Allen,
Warren Brady,
L. McAdam,
W. T. Fletcher,
Esther Richards,
Simon O'Connell,
Chas. J. Hall,
Jas. Henry Greenwood,
H. D. Fuller,
Edward Fitch,
Jesse Grant,
H. L. Lounsbery,
Hugh T. Stewart,
Hilton & Tomney,
Henry C. Southard,
A. C.
Jirah Hall,
E. Sedgwick,
C. B. Crandall,
Chas. S. Palmer,
Josh. H. Dye,
O. H. Crosby,
Thos. Munroe,
A. Bleakley,
J. McLean,
Harlan Clark,
O. H. Kopp,
Samuel E. Howes,
James Bell,
Nicholas L. Brandage,
Wm. H. Goodman,
Charles L. Benedict,
Friedrich Kaeby,
John H. White,
John Thomas Phillips,
Isaac Bryan,
H. S. Finckney,
A. S. Dittenhoefer,
Jesse Fonda, 409 2d-av.,
E. A. Stansbury,
John S. Storrs,
Wm. F. Lindsay, 77 East Broadway,
Horace Latimer, 622 Washington-st.,
John B. Sharp,
Sidney Smith,
J. M. Hunter,
Norman S. Cook,
Joseph W. Cook,
Robert L. Martin,
Wm. S. Latson,
Franklin Smith,
Theodore Osborne,
Thomas Bennett,
Julius Schroeder,
H. Lenry,
A. Bot,
John Fitch,
Alexander Jeffreys,
A. Borg,
Henry Van Sender,
John B. Kennedy,
Isaac W. Little,
Norman Cook & Co.,
Wm. M. Wade,
Howell Q. Vail,
Howell Vail,
D. Britton,
Joseph R. Morris,
Hugh J. Crawford,
F. Carpenter,
L. H. Tuthill, 19 Wall-st.,
F. G. Todd, 103 Nassau-st.,
Charles Goldin, Harlem,
Francis E. Hurlbut, 169 Hamersley-st.,
Joseph Brock, 14 Chambers-st., 11th Ward,
Wm. T. Farnham, 54 Wall-st.,
M. Herring, 12 Gold-st.,
I. Dayton, 219 W. 24th-st.,
Wm. H. Ludlow, 49 East 23d-st.,
J. Courtland Parker & Son, 9th-st.,
Alonzo Bliss, 29 6th-av.,
A. J. Campbell, 123 Hammond-st.,
Sam'l Reynolds, 66 E. 31-av.,
Howard Hoffman, 41 West 16th-st.,
John R. Allen, corner Jane-and 8th-av.,
Wm. A. Walton, 66 E. 24th-st.,
J. B. Chapman, 243 W. 16th-st.,
John A. Foster, 205 4th-av.,
Chas. Missing, 179 West 28th-st.,
Samuel Longstreet, 111 West 10th-st.,
Frank A. Shepherd, 86 Varick-st.,
Henry H. Ruelat, 338 Pearl-st.,
Edward Collin, 169 Delancey-st.,
Edwin Albertson, 149 West 46th-st.,
Alex. Hemphill, 17 Morton-st.,
Wm. C. Bryce, 491-st., N.R.
Peter Jones, 43, 8th and 9th-av.,
Judge Peabody,
John Glastacoter, 129 West 22d-st.,
James Hogg, 12th Ward,
David Walker, 220 West 17th-st.,
Oscar Horst, Jr., West 15th-street,
J. Sherard Smith, 107 West 15th-st.,
Geo. Donaldson, 234 Broome-street,
Merritt Wickham, 229 West 21st-st.,
John Macalloon, 16th Ward,
D. W. M. Hunt, 15th Ward,
John W. Marshall, 21st Ward,
Hiram Burdett, 9th Ward,
Edward D. Pepper, 300 Pearl-st.,
Sanford L. Macomber, 156 Elm-st.,
Jos. Gutman, 118 West 26th-street,
John W. Thompson, 631 9th-avenue,
John Thomas, 49th-st. and Broadway,
Hamilton Matson, 663 47th-street,
Wm. Taft, 43 West-st., bet. 8th and 9th-avs.,
John Davis,
Isaac Wilson,
Joshua Bynerd,
Andrew F. Fury,
A. Ketcher,
A. O. Kitcher,
Wm. Felton,
Wm. Catlin,
Wm. Berry,
Joseph Collins,
Irvin A. Jones,
Christopher Fiske,
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Theodore Webb,
Thomas Denever,
Charles Commerford,
John Hendricks,
Wm. Carman,
John Donnelly,
Wm. Watts,
James Water,
George W. Gordon,
Benj. B. Osborne,
C. H. Geder,
C. H. Bullock,
G. Gorman,
Franklin Sickles,
James E. Dood,
John H. Myers,
Sidney Friedenburgh,
Samuel J. Gosly,
George Redgery,
George Cartwright,
Henry Porter,
J. H. Tickney,
John Thomas,
M. L. Brandage, 117 E. 29th-st.,
A. G. Hills, 6 East 31st-st.,
Thos. Sulnk, 639 6th-av.,
B. Waterman, M. D., 194 Forsyth-st.,
George W. Brown, Harlem,
George Rapp, 462 9th-av.,
George Bisbee,
Jacob Ferlan,
Jewell A. Dodge,
Jacob Varian,
S. Dodge,
Eugene Ward,
F. E. Oromwell,
Peter F. Ryerson,
Edwin A. Eyerson,
J. Geller,
George E. Douglas,
Julius M. Ackley, Gramercy Hotel,
G. W. Pearey, 13 Chambers-st.,
H. V. Myers,
John L. Hubell,
Wm. A. Walker, 182 7th-st.,
Epes E. Ellery, 606 Grand-st.,
William Mills, 220 2d-av.,
Peter Jones, 43, 8th and 9th-av.,
John L. Bleakley, 324 Greenwich-st.,
Dr. Bond, 32 2d-st., corner of 1st-av.,
Wm. H. Sedlock, 272 9th-st.,
John Waite, Avenue D,
Amos Beakley, 338 Washington-st.,
H. S. Phillips, 277 4th-av.,
Samuel Bleecker, 83 West 22d-st.,
James Wm. Webb, 22 Hammond-st.,
Isaac E. Leggett, Tiemann-st.,
Wm. Hulbert, West 26th-st.,
Richard Wynkoop, West 26th-st.,
Saml B. S. Leach, 8th-st.,
Luther N. Fuller, McDougal-st.,
Luther Reifield, West 45th-st.,
Frank Russell, Waverley-place,
Geo. A. Bernard, West 26th-st.,
Edwin D. Murray, 464 Hous-ton-st.,
William H. Van Kleeck, Great Jones-st.,
B. D. Griffin, 77 Hammond-st.,
N. E. Townsend, 48 West 24th-st.,
C. S. Van Norden, 46 West 12th-st.,
James M. Baker, 22 Gansevoort-st.,
Chas. Brucklinghaus, 117 W. 26th-st.,
Samuel Brown, 201 4th-av.,
Ebert's Stock, 113 Warren-st.,
G. Ehrhorn, 16 Vesey-st.,
J. H. Hilton, 243 Canal-st.,
Moses H. Grinnell,
Isaac Sherman,
Charles A. Davis,
David Dudley Field,
Wm. Allen Butler,
A. J. P. Duganne,
Wm. Curtis Noyes,
John W. Marshall,
John C. Gray,
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S. A. Yocumsen,
Enoch B. Faucher,
Seymour A. Bunce,
John A Brady,
Ethan Allen,
Moses A. Scoppock,
Thomas Drummond,
A. P. Oliver,
S. H. Walker,
Silas S. Dutcher,
R. Schmidt Smith,
Francis R. Bliss,
James Marriner,
O. B. Stevenson, 251-st.,
Francis Hoyne,
Peter MacFadden, 236-st.
Francis Degen,
Brown & Powers,
Horace E. Ketchum & Co.,
John Andrews,
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Stephen I. Fost.
A. C. Sumner,
H. Mosham, 346 Houston-st.,
Lyel Feist,
James Pulz,
Saml. Le Conte,
Henry V. La Conte,
Wm. C. Taft, 44 Horatio-st.,
Darius Clark, 175 Bleecker-st.,
Lawrence Odell, 464th-st. and 3d-av.,
John Odell, 464th-st. & 3d-av.,
James B. Odell, 464th-st. and 3d-av.,
John Quinn, 121 E. 26th-st.,
Wm. Bels, 40 W. 26th-st.,
A. Carpenter, 167 Broadw'y
Brewster & Co.,
Butler, Schultz & Co.,
And many others.

GRAND MASS MEETING!

The Democratic Republican Electors of the City of New-York, and all others friendly to the nominations of

WM. F. HAVEMEYER
For Mayor,
SAMUEL J. TILDEN
For Corporation Counsel,
PATRICK McELROY
For Governor of the Almshouse,

Are requested to meet at the

COOPER INSTITUTE
(Junction 3d and 4th ave. and 8th-st.,)
on
SATURDAY EVENING, Dec. 3,
At 7½ o'clock.

Distinguished Orators will address the meeting.

Friends of
HAVEMEYER, TILDEN, and McELROY,
RALLY AND SAVE THE CITY!

By Order of
JOHN KELLY, Chairman of City Committee, Tammany Hall.
HENRY H. HOWARD, Chairman County Committee, Tammany Hall.
JAS. B. NICHOLSON, Chairman Central Havemeyer Committee.
ISAAC V. FOWLER, Chairman Democratic Republican General Committee, New-York.
AUGUSTUS SCHELL, Chairman County Ratification Meeting.

NINTH WARD.
HAVEMEYER FOR MAYOR.

A meeting of the citizens of the IXth Ward, favorable to the election of WM. F. HAVEMEYER as Mayor of this City, and of an honest City Government, are requested to meet at the Adelphic, corner of Hudson and Barrow sts., on FRIDAY EVENING, Dec. 2, at 7½ o'clock.

The meeting will be addressed by several distinguished gentlemen.

Joseph D. Baldwin,
Wm. D. Kennedy,
Henry C. Bailey,
Henry Rodenfelt,
Isaac E. Haines,
Chas. Mellhardy,
Jacob Windmuller,
Solomon Banta,
Philip W. Eagg,
John Oakford,
Wm. H. Duesenberry,
E. D. Pendleton,
Wm. Baldwin,
Chas. J. Chipp,
Samuel Long,
P. Foley,
John Walsh.

EIGHTEENTH WARD
REPUBLICAN NOMINATION.

WM. LAIMBEER, Jr., BUILDER.

Voters, continue your confidence upon one who has done nobly in the Council Board since January last.

H. A. HURLUTT, Chairman.
THEO. C. GLANDBRUELLE, Secretary.
Aldermanic Convention.

FOR MAYOR,
HON. GEORGE OPDYKE.

Head-quarters at Tharp's Hotel, corner of 9th-st. and Broadway. Citizens of all parties, favorable to an honest and efficient City Administration, and to the election of officers under no obligations to corporate organizations, are invited to meet daily at this place.

REGULAR REPUBLICAN AND CITIZEN NOMINATION,

For Commissioner of Common Schools, 16th Ward:
ROBERT A. ADAMS.
SIDNEY S. YENNARD, Sec'y. THOS. CHENEY, Ch'n.

AT A MEETING IN PURSUANCE OF JAS. O'REILLY, Chairman, Pro Tem., held at Hibernian Hall, No. 43 Prince-st., last evening, the following resolutions were adopted:

Whereas, The receipts of the Government have been such as to require the utmost economy in its expenditures; and whereas in the examples of a second dissection, the Secretary of the Treasury has reduced the expenditure of the Public Stores in this City over one hundred thousand dollars per annum; and, whereas, Mr. Conn, in this arrangement, has protected the interests of the employes at the Public Stores, in securing to them the same rate of wages as have heretofore been paid; and, whereas, it is believed to be in accordance with a proper economy to employ the skilled laborers, and to pay them the usual remunerative wages; and, whereas, the rate paid at the Navy-yard in Brooklyn are below the standard of fair prices, and the rate of wages skilled laborers cannot afford to work. Therefore,

Resolved, That we request Commissioner Conn to increase the rate of wages paid at the Brooklyn Navy-yard, and that the President of this meeting be directed to prepare a memorial to that effect.

Resolved, also, That a copy of said memorial be sent to the Secretary of the Navy.

Adjourned at the call of the President.

JOHN CARPENTER, President.

JOHN CAIN, Secretary.

TWENTY-FIRST WARD HAVEMEYER DEMOCRATIC ASSOCIATION.—A meeting of the above Association was held at the rooms of Mr. B. McCabe, at No. 201 3d-av., on the evening of Mr. Jonathan Power, Mr. C. H. HAWKES was called to the Chair, and on motion of Mr. Andre Fromont, Mr. Nelson Smith and Dr. McDowell were elected Secretaries. Speeches were made by Andre Fromont, Hon. Judge Clerke, and other speakers. Resolutions were proposed indorsing Mr. HAVEMEYER in every particular; and on motion of Mr. Kinsler, the meeting adjourned until next Friday evening, Dec. 2, to meet again at Mr. McCabe's No. 201 3d-av., at 8½ o'clock, P. M. By order,

CHARLES H. HASWELL, Chairman.
NELSON SMITH, F. W. McDOWELL, } Secretaries.

TENTH WARD.—THE HAVEMEYER ASSOCIATION will meet THIS (Thursday) EVENING at 7½ o'clock, at Covenant Hall, No. 64 Orchard-st. The meeting will be addressed by eminent speakers. The Association will meet EVERY EVENING until election.

J. W. PARKS, President.
CHAS. V. LYON, Secretary.

AT A MEETING OF THE AMERICAN Council of the XVIIth Ward, held Tuesday evening, Nov. 30, the action of the Majority Convention was repudiated, and a resolution was passed that all members vote for any candidate for Mayor, that may come out in the morning. F. D. YOUNG, President.
JOHN HAYES, Secretary.

REPUBLICANS—LOOK OUT FOR YOUR Almshouse Governor,
WM. V. PINENEY.
Friends meet every evening at Smithsonian House, corner Broadway and Houston-st.

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TESTIMONIAL.

BOSTON, July 18, 1856.

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For many months my hair has been falling off, until I was fearful of losing it entirely. The skin was dry and scaly, and my hair was thinned and scattered, so that I could not touch it without pain. This irritated condition I attributed to the use of various advertised hair washes, which I have since been told contain some ardent spirit.

By the advice of my physician, to whom you kindly shown your process of purifying the Oil, I commenced its use the last week in June. The first application delayed the itching and irritation; in three or four days the redness and tenderness disappeared, the hair commenced to fill, and I have now a thick growth of new hair. I trust that others similarly afflicted, will be induced to try the same remedy. Yours very truly,

SUSAN B. POTTS.

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NEW-YORK, Nov. 16, 1856.

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PUBLIC MEETINGS.

NEW-YORK SANITARY ASSOCIATION.—A stated meeting of the Association will be held at Cooper Institute, in Room No. 6, on the evening of Dec. 1, at 7½ o'clock. Subject of the meeting—Quarantine and Sanitary Legislation. Addresses will be delivered by eminent speakers. Public invited to be present.

HARVEY S. COLVERSLEAD, Recording Secretary.

The New-York Times.

NEW-YORK, THURSDAY, DECEMBER 1, 1859.

THE NEW-YORK TIMES.

Is published in the Times Building, fronting the City Hall Park, on Park-row, Spruce and Nassau streets.

The NEW-YORK TIMES (Daily) is published every morning, Sunday excepted, for Seven Dollars a year; Three Dollars for six months; Two Dollars for three months, or Sixty Cents a month, payable to the carrier.

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The Weekly Times is published in advance to the "New-York Times," New-York City.

Amusements this Evening.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC—La Sonnambula.

WALLACK'S THEATRE—Wild Oats—The Mountain Maid.

LAURA KEENE'S THEATRE—The Wife's Secret—Glenalva.

WINTER GARDEN—Shylock—Dot.

BRYANT'S PARLOR OPERAS—Nos. 719 and 720 Broadway—Sonna. Judge of Appearances—Love's Chain Lost.

NEW-BOWERY THEATRE—Christian Brothers—Freeman Fellows—Shan O'Lynn.

BARNUM'S MUSEUM—The Ghost of Deville.

CHATHAM AMPHITHEATRE—Niblo & Aiken's Company.

NIBLO'S GARDEN—Van Amburgh & Co.'s Menagerie.

WOOD'S MINSTRELS—No. 444 Broadway—Ethiopian Performances.

NIBLO'S SALOON—Grace Greenwood's Miscellanies.

TEMPLE HALL—Moses, or Bonner's Temple.

WASHINGTON HALL, Williamsburgh—Lectures of Dennis Corrigan—8 P. M. and 7½ P. M.

INTERNATIONAL ART INSTITUTION—Exhibition of Paintings.

CHURCH'S "HEART OF THE ANDES"—Studio Building, No. 10 Tenth-street. Closes on Monday.

STUYVESANT INSTITUTE, No. 659 Broadway—Anthon's Collection of Egyptian Antiquities.

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NEWS OF THE DAY.

By the arrival at Halifax of the steamship *Europa*, we have transatlantic advices three days later than those received by the *Bohemian*. It was expected that the ratification of the treaties of peace would be exchanged at Zurich on the 21st ult. Letters of invitation to the Congress, which would probably meet in Paris, had been issued by the French Government to the Powers who signed the Treaties of Vienna in 1815, and to the rulers of Piedmont, Rome and Naples. The English and French Press was daily assuming a more warlike attitude. The Emperor NAPOLEON opposes the assumption by BONCOMPAGNI of the Regency of Central Italy. GARIBALDI is reported to have resigned the command of the army of Central Italy, and to have joined the Sardinian forces. The Paris Bourse was steady; Rentes closed at 66f. 85c.

The steamship *Northern Light*, from Aspinwall on the 20th ult., arrived at this port yesterday evening. New California advices have been anticipated. The correspondents of the TIMES at Valparaiso and Callao furnish some interesting items. The Chilian Congress has voted to extend the dictatorial powers of the Government another year. Business at Valparaiso is greatly depressed, the Custom-house revenues for September showing a decrease of $200,000 from those of August. The steam-frigate *Merrimac*, flag-ship of Commodore MONTGOMERY, had arrived; the *Lancaster* had not. The *Merrimac* would return at once. Dispatches from Washington to Minister BIDLEY had been received through Capt. McGUIRE, the purport of which had not been made public. Revolutions having become intolerably frequent, the Government had brought forward a bill to make persons who promote them personally responsible for the injury they cause. In Peru trade is stagnant. The Chilian Consul died on the 27th of October. Gen. RIVAS made his escape from the Southern steamer in which he was confined, through bribery, it is supposed, and the cabin window.

By the Overland Mail our San Francisco correspondent writes under date of the 7th ult. The expectations that the "long rain" had set in were disappointed on that day, by cloudless skies. A yacht club has been organized in San Francisco, the members of which, it is rumored, intend sending to New-York for models of fast craft. A meeting of citizens had been called for the purpose of establishing an Astronomical Meteorological Observatory on the Pacific Coast. JAMES G. STEBBINS, formerly member for Tuba County, had been arrested for attempting to abscond. It is rumored that a Railroad will be constructed from Sacramento City to Carson Valley.

The death of WASHINGTON IRVING was the occasion of special meetings of both branches of the Common Council yesterday afternoon. In the Board of Aldermen a message was received from Mayor TIEMANN, announcing the sad event, referring to the beauty of Mr. IRVING'S writings and his noble service to American literature, and suggesting suitable tokens of esteem for the memory of the deceased. Alderman PARK spoke feelingly of the loss sustained in the death of the illustrious historian, and offered a series of resolutions warmly commemorating his many virtues and patriotic works, and providing for civic expressions of sorrow during the hours of the funeral to-day. These resolutions were unanimously adopted and transmitted to the Board of Councilmen. In the latter branch the Mayor's message was received and ordered to be printed in the minutes, and on motion of Councilman OTTARSON it was resolved that the members of the Board attend the funeral of Mr. IRVING, and wear the usual badge of mourning thirty days. Councilmen OTTARSON and LEARY made appropriate remarks, and a committee of three was designated to make arrangements for participation in the obsequies.

The removal of Rev. Dr. POMROY from the Secretaryship of the American Board of Commissioners for Foreign Missions, a position which he has filled so long and so ably, was briefly announced by telegraph yesterday afternoon. The confession made to the Prudential Committee of the Board by Dr. POMROY appears to justify the action taken by it in depriving him from office. He acknowledges intimately associated with public women on three different occasions, and each one of the depraved characters with whom he had correspondence had extorted from him $500. The clue to these facts was revealed by opening private letters, supposed to be on the business of the Board, while Dr. POMROY was temporarily absent from Boston. It will be remembered that the extensive defalcations of Mr. FOERSTER, of Philadelphia, formerly Secretary of the Sunday School Union, were revealed in the same manner.

Three Cincinnati merchants who were overheard, by one of the spies of Gov. WISE, expressing their opinions concerning the rebellion with much freedom, were removed from the cars of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, upon the arrival of the train in which they were at Harper's Ferry. They protested their innocence of all evil intent, but the armed men did the work for which they were commissioned. The zealous surveillance is extended over all strangers arriving at Charlestown.

The weekly statement of the Commissioners of Emigration shows that there have been 359 arrivals during the week, and $2,246 87 received for commutation of passengers. In the absence of any funds to pay for the expenses of maintaining and forwarding Germans, the Board continues to dispose of their objects, in the belief that they will be reimbursed by the Legislature.

The supporters of the Tammany Hall nominees in the First Ward held a mass meeting last evening, at which the ticket was indorsed and speeches were made by Ex-Alderman WILSON and Alderman HORTON. The latter, embodying an account of the public acts and political doings of FERNANDO WOOD, set at all to the credit of the latter. At the Ninth Ward Wood ratification meeting about one thousand persons were present. Speeches were made by ex-Mayor WOOD, Dr. JACOB S. MITCHELL, Judge SCHWEIZHEIMER, Dr. BRADFORD, and T. EDWARD RAWLINGS. The Republicans held a well-attended ratification meeting in the Twenty-first Ward. Addresses were delivered by JAMES FAIRMAN, S. L. WOODFORD, JOHN H. WHITE, A. C. HILLS, COLONEL L. HULL and others.

The Stock Market closed heavy yesterday afternoon, the share list partly in sympathy with the dull tone in Pacific Mail Stock, to 50 37½. The negotiations with VANDERBILT are supposed to be the cause, according to current rumor. In the Money Market, a little more firmness was manifested for some of the Banking and Insurance stocks.

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[illegible] Yesterday the sales were quite [illegible] from the same mart of the time during the Association. For the week, ending Yesterday, the great receipts of the market guide of live animals demand the attention compared: Beef cattle, 4,312; veal calves, 633; sheep and lambs, 14,430; swine, 14,468; also of milch cows, 145; total of all kinds, 33,990—an excess of 4,139 over the previous week, being an increase of 214 beeves, 33 cows, 33 veals, 648 sheep, and 3,005 swine. At yesterday's General Weekly Market beeves sold at first rather better than last week, but closed dull, with 300 unsold—the last sale being below the average of the previous market. The best cows sold at a little advance; poorer grades go off slowly. Veals rather dull, at former quotations. Sheep and lambs in good demand, and slightly improved in price. Swine in good demand, at last week's rates.

The sales of Flour reached 19,000 bbls., at firmer prices for low grades of State and Western. Wheat was less active, at essentially unaltered rates. The transactions in other kinds of Grain, as well as in Provisions, were moderate. A livelier inquiry prevailed for Rio Coffee, Sugars and Molasses. The movements in other branches of trade exhibited no important changes. There were 447 vessels of all classes in port.

The Havemeyer Meeting To-day.

A call signed by thousands of the most respectable citizens of New-York, without distinction of parties, for a public meeting in ratification of the nominations of Mr. WILLIAM F. HAVEMEYER and Mr. S. J. TILDEN, to fill the two most important municipal offices in the gift of our people, will be answered to-day at the Merchants' Exchange. We need hardly impress upon any intelligent citizen the importance of lending his presence to this imposing assemblage, and of giving the sanction of his voice and vote to the serious and resolute effort which is now making, perhaps for the last time, to avert from this Metropolis the threatening perils of such a state of practical anarchy as has already overtaken our sister cities of New-Orleans and Baltimore, by putting the civic authority of New-York into the hands of well-known, well-tried and respectable men.

The question of our coming municipal election is a very simple one. For years past this City has been subjected to all sorts of troubles, losses and disgrace by the way in which its domestic interests have been sacrificed at the polls to political purposes utterly foreign to the management of our mere municipal business. If any sensible, practical citizen of New-York will take the trouble to look at the thing for a moment with but half as much attention as he would bestow on the most trifling matter of his domestic economy, he must see that the real issue now to be decided by the voters of this City is the possibility of delivering our Municipal Administration from all those intrigues of National and State politics in which it has been so often and so scandalously involved. It is upon this issue that we hold it to be the duty of all right-minded men, of whatever "political party," to take ground in support of Mr. HAVEMEYER and Mr. TILDEN. These gentlemen are the only candidates who invite our suffrages on the specific basis of their specific fitness to discharge the duties of the offices for which they have been named. We all know them; and none but the basest and blindest of their political antagonists will venture to deny their good sense, their honesty, their capacity. To vote for them, therefore, is to vote, not for the candidates of this or that party, or of this or that faction, but simply and distinctly for two citizens who are admitted to be eminently worthy of the votes of all honest men. It is to vote for a principle; the cardinal principle that New-York is to be governed, not in the interest of the Republicans, as such, or of the Americans, as such, or of the Democrats, as such; but in the interest of public order, equal rights, decency, and the firm administration of justice. In this particular Mr. HAVEMEYER and Mr. TILDEN stand alone in this present canvass; and this particular is the very gist and soul of the whole matter.

The "Republican candidates," whatever may be their merits, (and we have no wish to say one word in their dispraise,) are not merely untried in the offices to which they aspire, but they are Republican candidates as such. They have been put forward on strict party grounds, and in virtue of this fact alone represent that very evil spirit which has already done so much to demoralize and destroy our municipal system. The journals which urge the names of Mr. OPDYKE and Mr. HULL upon the popular favor, urge these names in the interest of the special party of which Mr. OPDYKE and Mr. HULL are members, and not in the interest of the City purely and simply. The New-York *Tribune* is one of the noisiest of these journals. To be sure, it alternates panegyrics upon the popularity of Mr. FERNANDO WOOD, with pleas for its own "party," but it calls upon Republicans, as in its issue of Tuesday, to vote for Mr. OPDYKE, because "on three occasions Republicans have voted for candidates not of their own party;" and because Tammany Hall now requires "Republicans" to "desert their flag and their faith" once more, and once more to "swap themselves off for nobody, and pay boot." In other words, Republicans happening to dwell in the City of New-York are invited to run the risk of throwing the control of the City, of their lives, their property, their good name, into the keeping of a vulgar, violent and unscrupulous demagogue, in order to "punish" certain politicians of the Democratic school for their bad faith in the past to certain other politicians of the Republican school.

Professing a standard of political morality *peculiarly pure and patriotic*, and a superiority to the shallow lust of place which was to regenerate the whole nation, *the Republicans of* New-York are thus invited to go into a grave municipal contest of the first practical importance, *avowedly in the spirit of the most* sordid of sulking place-hunters. "If you won't give us the pickings of the Mayor's *office*," *cries the Tribune*, "then FERNANDO WOOD may have them for aught we care." Now we put it to all clear-headed and conscientious Republicans whether this be not the old theory of "Rule or Ruin" in its best perfection? *The Tribune knows, and Mr. OPDYKE himself* knows, that Mr. HAVEMEYER was nominated but because it was felt that if there were any *true public spirit left in New-York*, the strength of the City would so rally to his support as to make the election of FERNANDO WOOD simply impossible. Starting with the recognized and predominant strength of the Democratic organization, Mr. HAVEMEYER offered us all, the moral certainty of a victory for order and good citizenship over insolent demagogueism and prospective anarchy. To interpose another candidate of confessedly inferior strength, as well political as personal, and on such grounds as those which the friends of Mr. OPDYKE have avowed must, therefore, be pronounced a positive offence to all the best interests of the community. It is in this belief that we have opposed from the first any attempt to divide the respectable votes of New-York; it is in this behalf that we urge it again upon all good men and good citizens to avert at once

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Fabricating Friends.

On Monday night Mr. ZOPHAR MILLS was presiding at a People's Convention for the nomination of School officers in the Seventh Ward. He is a bitter opponent, according to his own statement, of FERNANDO WOOD, and is prepared to vote for any candidate for the Mayoralty, who is likely to defeat that person. Wood, however, being in rather desperate straits, places considerable value on the active support of Mr. MILLS. Finding himself unable to secure his presence at the Mozart Hall demonstration at the Cooper Institute, Wood accordingly ordered his organ, the *Daily News*, to represent Mr. MILLS as having been actually there, and as having delivered an enthusiastic speech on behalf of our Municipal Emperor. The obedient organ accordingly composed a speech for Mr. MILLS, and reported him as having delivered himself as follows:

"As they love good principles and good government they would unite their efforts for the third elevation to the Mayoralty of the best, truest, noblest of men—FERNANDO WOOD. [Voices—'We will do so,' and 'Three cheers for FERNANDO WOOD,' which were given with hearty good-will.] * * * So he would call to-night upon all to rally and put down the incendiary Black Republicans, and march under the banner of FERNANDO WOOD, and, like MARION, conquer the bitter enemy. [Loud applause, and cries of 'We will.'] On the next election day they would elect FERNANDO WOOD. [Loud cheers.]"

This is not a bad contrivance, as far as it goes, but in its author's own interest it must have already occurred to him that it did not go far enough. If we are not greatly mistaken in Mr. WOOD, he is not the man to stick at trifles; and, since he has taken to forging speeches for Mr. MILLS, we may certainly expect him to apply his invention to other persons as well. There [illegible] not much risk of exposure amongst those whom the cheat deceives, as hardly anybody who reads the *Daily News*, reads anything else. So why not make all the great man's most eloquent and most influential opponents stump the City on his behalf?

Why not make JOHN VAN BUREN and JOHN COCHRANE deliver themselves of soul-stirring appeals in favor of the *Tribune's* Emperor before the Democracy of Tammany Hall? Why not make Mr. JAMES T. BRADY weep penitential tears over his mistaken adherence to Mr. HAVEMEYER, vow eternal devotion to FERNANDO the First, and burst into psalmody over the virtues of LEVI S. CHATFIELD? Nay, we can think of a bolder stroke than any of these. Why not make Mr. WM. M. EVARTS, Mr. JOHN COCHRANE and Judge HILTON confess, with groans and lamentations, that when they made their report as referees in the case of Marvine *vs.* Wood, they lied as to the facts and erred as to the law? Why not make them declare that, from the bottom of their hearts, they believe the career of Mr. WOOD, from his childhood up, to have been spotless as the driven snow, and the man himself to be in all respects the Heaven-sent Mayor of this mighty financial and industrial Metropolis? The thing is so simple, so easy of execution, that we are astounded at the great wizard's moderation and modesty in not having done it before. A little paper, a little ink, and half a column of the *Herald*, *Tribune* or *Daily News*, are all that are needed to bring every one of our leading citizens on his knees, imploring FERNANDO to be Mayor, and offering to "march" under his banner, "like MARION," and "conquer the bitter enemy." And yet the Wood organs are mute, the easy oracles are deplorably dumb. Has the downright indignation of Mr. ZOPHAR MILLS stricken them all into silence?

Pavement Law at the South.

The Hon. Mr. TOM CORWIN made a sharp and telling exposure on Tuesday evening of the fallacy wrapped in WENDELL PHILLIPS' slashing proposal to have the country governed by "the thought of the pavement," and to allow all individuals who might feel themselves aggrieved by the decisions of the majority to vindicate their notions by force of arms. It is perhaps to be regretted for Mr. CORWIN'S sake that he should have deferred this reply so long. He was present at the delivery of Mr. PHILLIPS' harangue; and might then have neutralized in half-a-dozen clear and cutting sentences the ill-effects of the splendid nonsense of the Abolitionist orator. Still the homely vigor of his address will not be lost on the public now, and he has done good service in delivering it. Its straightforward political appeals brought down deserved applause, and it was such a capital exposure of one of the prevailing political sophisms of the day, that we wish he could be induced, *mutatis mutandis*, to repeat his lecture in other parts of the country. The true Abolitionist theory of Government is just as rife in South Carolina as in Massachusetts. When the fire-eating fanatics propose to dissolve the Union if a President of less inflammatory appetite be elected, to all intents and purposes they adopt WENDELL PHILLIPS' doctrine of politics, with the disadvantage of an inconsistency which he avoids, inasmuch as Mr. PHILLIPS never votes; while the Pro-Slavery extremists go regularly to the polls. Mr. PHILLIPS repudiates the ballot *in toto* as a mode of ascertaining what his conduct as a citizen ought to be; the fanatics of Slavery accept it with great ostentation, but declare in the same breath, that if its decision be adverse to their wishes they will spurn and contemn it. They act, in short, like a man who agrees to leave a controversy to arbitration upon condition that judgment be given in his own favor.

There is just now a great deal of talk in the Slave States as to what is to be done in case some furious representative of Southern ultraism be not next year elected to the Presidency. *The Press, in the most magnificent manner*, seriously advances, as the result of such a contingency, that a general Southern secession from the Union should at once take place. Now this is making the ballot, as a means of government, absurd as absurd as Mr. PHILLIPS' "thought of the pavement." In voting at an election a man tacitly agrees to abide by the result of the vote—or in other words to bow to the will of the majority. If he means to repudiate the mode of settling political questions, he ought to stay away from the polls. If, therefore, the South really wishes to secede, this is the time for doing it. To accept a national contest at the polls is for the South to bind herself in the most solemn manner to abide by the Union for at least four years more. All honorable and right-minded men at the South will, we hope, combine their influence to compel the partisans of disunion into an immediate exhibition of their real strength and purposes. Vague threats of dissolution covering an impassioned canvass for the Presidency by the loudest of the threatners, are not more injurious to th

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Mr. Woodie Rotsale.

In the organization of political machinery—what may be called the stage-business of City politics—the trap-door, shifting scenes, deceiving views and property parts of the popular political drama, Mr. WOOD may be said to stand without a rival. He begins at the beginning, when attempting to manufacture some appearance of public sentiment in his own favor. Now he gets hold of a newspaper by means of mortgage, and makes its columns green every morning under the weight of its own eulogies. Next, he considers himself a "constituency" in each of the twenty-two Wards of the City, and elects members to represent himself in a body meeting at Mozart Hall, and known as the "Wood General Committee." At Syracuse, he brought up with him, ready for use, from New-York on free tickets, a Spartan band, who professed themselves willing and able to represent the whole State of New-York in Democratic Convention assembled. They were a company of bullet-headed, bootle-browed, short-haired, thick-lipped, bull-necked, brass-knuckled youths, who had the best will in the world to take charge of the Democratic State machine, make Wood Delegate at Large, and send themselves in a body to Charleston. Their zeal, however, was beyond their knowledge, and nothing remarkable came of their expedition.

Mr. WOOD has again made an effort in the creative dramatic line. His ratification meeting at the Cooper Institute was a grand display in this kind. By means of handbills circulated through Hoboken, Jersey City and Bergen Heights, several hundred of the Bergen Tunnel rioters were persuaded to appear at this curious meeting, their ferriage and a band of music being supplied to them by an accredited agent. In like manner, another still larger band of men and boys was drummed up in Brooklyn and Williamsburgh by the persevering labors and promises of another eminent comedian, who played a star engagement at the head of this procession, on its way from the several ferry-houses on the New-York side up to the hall where Mr. WOOD was engaged in recommending himself as Emperor to the few hundreds of his "fellow-citizens and electors of this City," who could get near enough to hear what he said above the din of his cohorts without.

Now we are willing to confess that these arrangements were all very well in their managerial and scenic aspect. Fortunately, however, for the City, under the Registry Law, and the District Attorneyship of Judge WALDRON, none of these interesting bands can vote in our municipal contest. They make a good stage-army to parade with leather helmets and tin-foil spear-heads across the rear of the political arena; but when the real contest comes—if our Inspectors of Registry and Canvassers do their duty—this suddenly imported force will find themselves relegated to the side-scenes, while the real business of the struggle is carried on between those who have an interest in our City tax levies. The false announcement of "eminent speakers engaged to appear," will not be of any aid on election day, when the question of the Mayoralty is left nakedly to the voters of New-York for their decision.

One native feature, however, and quite a noticeable one of this manufactured meeting, was the presence on the platform and in the body of the Hall of solid delegations representing nearly all the contracting and jobbing interests of the City, wholly irrespective of party lines. The vultures were gathered together. They were present as disinterested citizens to cheer every announcement of Mr. WOOD'S good intentions for the future; to sympathize with him in his prayer for a return of those halcyon days when Mr. CHARLES DEVLIN presided over the destinies of the Street Department, and to record with pious earnestness every assurance there given by Mr. WOOD of strict purity and official faith in the *future* management of our City business! It was an affecting sight, and the presence in a conspicuous place of the suspended Superintendent of Markets gave the whole proceedings a peculiarly intense and immediate significance. The platform was a spectacle to excite the enthusiasm of an amateur grand-juryman; but so far as the contractors were concerned, its charms must have been lessened by the total absence from the rostrum of any representative men having influence over the votes or opinions of the popular masses of New-York.

Mr. WOOD stood alone, blowing his own trumpet most vigorously, but practically engaged in a single-handed combat against the whole intelligence and decency of the City. Mr. C. SWACKHAMER has still too much business with the Navy Department to pay due rhetorical heed to any other troubles save his own. Mr. A. L. PINNEY has been himself too long a standing and disappointed candidate for public employment, to have either sympathies to waste upon, or any strength to bring to, fellow-sufferers under the like ailment; while Mr. L. S. CHATFIELD, who frankly confessed, as if ashamed of his position and wishing to excuse it, that he had not been in politics for the past ten years, already, perhaps, regrets that he should have broken his pledge of total abstinence for so poor a cause, at such a juncture, and in such disastrous company.

On the whole the ratification meeting of Monday has done more to expose Mr. WOOD'S weakness in the higher political arts of war, than anything we can remember him to have *perpetrated. It was an occasion on which* his ingenuity should have drummed up at least one or two men of good standing in the community to appear and indorse him. If the City could not furnish such, they ought to have been searched for through the State, or through neighboring States, his election being, in his own eyes, a "National affair;" and, all other *devices failing, some cheap political* SNAPPER might have been dressed up in character and introduced under some popular name to the *not too discriminating audience*. Even a hoax Republican, parading Mr. WOOD'S success of humiliating Tammany, would have been better than nothing.

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THE CITY ELECTION.

THE REASONS WHY
THE CITIZENS OF NEW-YORK
SHOULD VOTE FOR
GEORGE OPDYKE
FOR
MAYOR.

MR. OPDYKE THE ONLY AVAILABLE CANDIDATE AGAINST FERNANDO WOOD.

The Support of the former is the Defeat of the latter.

By the unscrupulous attempt is being made to create the impression that WM. F. HAVEMEYER is the nominee upon whom should be concentrated the vote of those desiring the defeat of FERNANDO WOOD. None would be better satisfied than the partizans of Mr. WOOD himself, in creating such a belief. None know better than FERNANDO WOOD, that every vote thrown for Mr. HAVEMEYER, as against Mr. OPDYKE, lessens the vote of the latter gentleman, who is the only competitor whom Mr. WOOD really fears. What are the facts? They are better than speculations and theories in leading electors to a just decision.

At the last election the result was as follows:

Democrats and Americans combined	38,000
Straight Republican vote	20,000
Republican plurality over the divided Democracy	1,000

Although the aggregate vote in the coming election may be larger than this last vote, still it is likely that the proportions between the parties will remain the same. Take the above figures (most favorable to the Democrats, because including the American vote,) as the basis of speculation upon the present canvass, and what are the prospects. Dividing the Democratic vote equally, the Republicans would have a clear plurality over either of the other nominees.

WILL THE DEMOCRATIC VOTE BE DIVIDED EQUALLY?

But will the Democratic vote be equally divided? "there is the rub." Between Mr. WOOD and Mr. HAVEMEYER, the former will in all probability receive much the larger vote. The Irish vote of the City has always remained true to Mr. WOOD, and the Fourth and the Sixth Wards will hardly know Mr. HAVEMEYER in this contest.

HAVEMEYER'S CHANCES—WHO CAN DEFEAT WOOD?

Then from what source pray is Mr. HAVEMEYER to draw his strength by which he is to surpass Mr. WOOD? He can expect it nowhere but from the Republican Party; and this party having an abler, a better and a truer man than him in the field, will not be disposed to throw away their strength by supporting Mr. HAVEMEYER. Let Mr. HAVEMEYER, like Mr. OPDYKE, show that from any source whatever he can certainly count upon 20,000 votes, and it might be conceded that his chances of success were fair. But as the facts are, he can count upon no vote at all that is strictly a party vote. Tammany Hall, as an Institution, it is well understood, will not support him. And besides this, the spoils of the Democratic Party will be used for the advancement of Mr. WOOD. The New-York Custom-house, with all its patronage, is largely in his favor, in spite of Mr. SCHELL, and the Post-office would support FERNANDO in preference to Mr. HAVEMEYER, should it zealously support either of the two.

THE DEMOCRATIC RANK AND FILE "DOWN" ON HAVEMEYER.

Then as to the rank and file of Tammany Hall. What claim has Mr. HAVEMEYER upon them that they should sustain him? Did they show any enthusiasm for him when he was nominated? His name fell heavily upon their ears, and elicited no response. When it was announced at Tammany Hall that Mr. HAVEMEYER was nominated, there was not a solitary retainer in all the mass gathered there who threw up his hat and cried, "Long live King Richard." No one there proposed or gave "three cheers" for WM. F. HAVEMEYER; but mutterings and murmurs went through the crowd, and the name of WOOD as a nominee to fall back upon was repeated by large numbers of them as their only consolation. Where, then, we again ask, is Mr. HAVEMEYER to obtain his vote with which to defeat his Democratic competitor?

THE FIGHT REALLY BETWEEN OPDYKE AND WOOD.

We have above given the result at the last election. Let us now see what will be the probable result at this election, provided the full Republican vote is polled:

Parties. Nominees.	
Mozart Hall—For FERNANDO WOOD, it is feared	25,000
Tammany Hall—For W. F. HAVEMEYER, say	15,000
Total Democratic vote	40,000
Republican—For GEORGE OPDYKE	20,000
American—For GEO. OPDYKE, beyond question	6,000
People's Party—For GEORGE OPDYKE, (at last election 2,000)	1,500
Besides the above for Mr. OPDYKE, there will be for him the "Cartmen and Truckmen," the disaffected Whigs, and a floating vote *together amounting to about*	5,000
Sure vote for Mr. OPDYKE	32,500
Aggregate vote polled	72,500

The above is a fair statement of the prospects of the three nominees *upon the start*; and now we ask who but Mr. OPDYKE is entitled to that floating vote which is ready to unite upon the most available man against FERNANDO WOOD. The figures and the facts, as set forth above, prove conclusively that between Mr. OPDYKE and Mr. WOOD really lies the fight. There are thousands not included in the above estimate, who will vote for Mr. OPDYKE, because in all circumstances they are as much opposed to Tammany Hall as to FERNANDO WOOD, and therefore cannot and will not go for Mr. HAVEMEYER. Reflecting men, then, will decide for themselves whether Mr. OPDYKE or Mr. HAVEMEYER is to defeat the other candidate, Mr. WOOD. A moment's thought inevitably sweeps Mr. HAVEMEYER from the contest, excepting as a breakwater in the interest of Mr. WOOD, that may possibly turn the current of some votes that would otherwise flow to the Republican nominee.

WHO IS MR. HAVEMEYER? WHOM DOES HE REPRESENT?—HIS OBJECT IN RUNNING—A SEEKER FOR SPOILS.

Having said thus much for the respective availability of Mr. OPDYKE and Mr. HAVEMEYER, let us say a word as the respective personal merits of the two gentlemen. Who is Mr. HAVEMEYER, and what are his antecedents? He has been everything by turns, and nothing long. He has been "all things to all men." Undecided and always upon the fence, he electioneers for FREMONT but votes for BUCHANAN; he persists in "never again becoming a candidate for Mayor," and yet once more in nomination, he rushes to the rescue of Tammany Hall. His character is of the negative kind, that is commended for what he has not done and not for what he has done. He never did anything very criminal, and therefore he must be a very good man, his supporters say. But did he ever do anything very good in a public way? What is his history? It is vacillation, hesitancy, nervelessness and doubt. He is just the man to repeat the part of Mr. TURBAND as the "tool of the Sluggers in the City Hall;" and is not this his object, judging from his letter of acceptance? Does he consent to run because he feels himself called upon to contribute to the public good? No! He runs, as he himself avows, because his friend, Mr. TILDEN, is nominated for Corporation Counsel, i. e. he runs to help a friend into a good fat office. Noble sacrifice, commendable patriot! The office of Corporation Counsel, with its perquisites of $100,000 per annum, is the bait with which Mr. HAVEMEYER was hooked. Did his enemies avow this, it would pass as their slander. But he himself unhesitingly avows it in his own letter of acceptance. Will our citizens vote for a man who himself acknowledges that not a charitable public spirit, but a desire to line the pockets of a personal friend, prompted him to become a candidate for the Chief Magistracy of this City. Again, this want of a proper public spirit on the part of Mr. HAVEMEYER is proven by the fact that two years ago he was urged to stand for Mayor as the candidate of the people and for the benefit of the City; but he refused. Then party was to be ignored, and all classes and creeds were to rally to his support; but no inducement could be offered then sufficient to secure his acceptance of the office. To-day, however, when Tammany Hall, the most corrupt political machine on this continent, tyrannical in its rule, assassin in its politics and highway robber in its morals, calls upon Mr. HAVEMEYER to lend them his name, to assist it to recuperate its wasted strength, Mr. HAVEMEYER willingly rushes to the rescue. No hesitation now—no delay. Tammany Hall is in danger, and Mr. HAVEMEYER becomes her champion. The felon calls for aid, and Mr. HAVEMEYER becomes the protector and the shield.

WHO IS MR. OPDYKE—HIS OBJECT IN RUNNING—HIS CHARACTER AND ANTECEDENTS.

On the other hand, who is Mr. OPDYKE? His record as a merchant is clean and open, and "all who run may read." In his past history there is nothing to conceal, and nothing that his best friends could wish to blot. As a legislator he has always been firm, steadfast and decided. As Alderman as a representative of the interests of the City, no threats could intimidate, no hope of reward turn him from the course of his conscience and the truth. Mr. OPDYKE is emphatically a man of nerve. He is his own man, and politicians who approach him as Mayor will find that he has a clear and legal title to himself. Mr. OPDYKE is an honest man. A mercantile community who have dealt with him for twenty-five years will certify to this fact. He is a gentleman of culture and capacity, and is a candidate for Mayor, not by his own seeking, but by the desire of his party. He does not stand for the office to serve any private interest or personal friend, by his election, but consents, if elected, to give his services to the City for the City's benefit. He is the only nominee who can defeat FERNANDO WOOD. He is a nominee who will carry into the City Hall all the requisites of an energetic, efficient and honest officer. Citizens throw not your votes away upon Tammany Hall and thus surrender the City again to the arch enemy of honesty—FERNANDO WOOD; but with certainty overthrow him now and forever by a general rally to the name of GEORGE OPDYKE.

New-York
KEROSENE OIL,
A FULL SUPPLY FOR THE WINTER.
Depôt of Company,
No. 55 Beekman-st., New-York.

[illegible] Sewing Machines.
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[illegible] family sewing machine, A.....[illegible]
[illegible] family sewing machine.....[illegible]
[illegible] 458 Broadway, N. Y.
No. 1 Pemberton-st., Boston.

[illegible] FAMILY SEWING MACHINES,
At Reduced Prices.
No. 458 Broadway, New-York.
No. 388 Fulton-st., Brooklyn.

Cough Lozenges.
BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES.—At this season of the year, when so many are troubled with Coughs, Influenza and bronchial difficulties, these Troches afford a grateful relief. We have seen instances of their good effects in cases of inflammation of the bronchial tubes and of the hoarseness of children. They contain nothing which can injure the constitution, and have a soothing effect very efficacious in assisting expectoration, and prevent the accumulation of phlegm. For public speakers, singers, and all persons troubled with hoarseness, they are invaluable.—*Portland Transcript.* Sold by all druggists.

Keep Warm and Dry!
BOOTS AND SHOES,
WATER-PROOF BOOTS,
LEGGINGS FOR TRAVELING AND RIDING,
BUCKSKIN OVERSHOES,
And everything desirable for Winter Wear, for LADIES, GENTS AND BOYS, AT BROOKS', No. 576 Broadway and No. 150 Fulton-st.

Dr. Marsh Continues to Apply his Radical-cure Truss with success, in effecting permanent cures of Hernia or Rupture at No. 2 Vesey-st. Ladies waited upon by a female in private rooms. Trusses of every description for permanent retention of rupture, bathing trusses, supporters, shoulder-braces, suspensory bandages, silk elastic stockings, knee caps, ankles, &c., all surgical appliances scientifically applied, by MARSH & CO., No. 2 Vesey-st., New-York.

Dr. E. B. Foote, the successful Physician and Electrician, from Saratoga Springs, is effecting great cures in old and difficult cases of Chronic Disease, at his Winter office No. 548 Broadway, next door to the Dansaldor Gallery, in this City. His great work, "Medical Common Sense," is also meeting with an extensive sale. The Doctor charges no consultation fee, but invites all who are sick to give him a call.

Barry's Tricopherous
is the
BEST AND CHEAPEST ARTICLE
For DRESSING, BEAUTIFYING, CLEANING, CURLING, PRESERVING and RESTORING THE HAIR. Ladies, try it. For sale by all druggists and perfumers.

Ladies' Winter Gaiters.—Ladies, go at once to CANTRELL and order a pair of those excellent Winter Gaiters which he has introduced, called Balmoral Boots. They are invaluable to the fair sex, as they keep the feet dry and warm, imparting a genial glow to the whole system. CANTRELL'S store is No. 585 Broadway, between 11th and 12th sts.

Batchelor's Hair Dye, Wigs, and Toupees.—This celebrated establishment is at No. 233 Broadway. Twelve private rooms for the application of his famous Hair Dye, the best extant. BATCHELOR'S Wigs and Toupees have improvements over all; this is the only place where these are properly understood and made.

Parties, Weddings, Private Balls, &c.
J. TAYLOR, Broadway, corner Franklin-st., having the greatest facilities in the City, will furnish refreshments for weddings, parties, balls, &c., at as moderate prices as any other establishment.

No young man should think of choosing a business without first learning whether his Phrenological developments best qualify him for that pursuit. Thousands choose wrongly, and therefore fail. Examinations daily at FOWLER & WELLS, 308 Broadway.

Spring Beds—$5 to $6 for the Best Spring Bed in existence, (Howe's patent,) at No. 378 Broadway. Examine it, or address the ELLIPTIC BED-SPRING COMPANY, for their descriptive circular. Special inducements to the trade and local agencies.

Spalding's Prepared Glue.
USEFUL IN EVERY HOUSE. FOR SALE EVERYWHERE.
Manufactured by H. C. SPALDING,
P. O. address Box No. 3,003. No. 30 Platt-st.

Right opposite of Old St. Paul's.
The hatter WHITE receive his calls;
Come one, come all, make no delays,
And buy your Hats and Furs for the Holidays.

Geo. Saunders' Metallic Tablet Razor Strop.—This inimitable article may be obtained of the sole manufacturers, J. & S. SAUNDERS, No. 7 Astor House, and of the various agents throughout the City.

Wheeler & Wilson's Sewing Machine has, as usual, won the highest premium at the Fair of the American Institute, and at the principal Fairs throughout the Union. Office No. 505 Broadway, New-York.

Hill's Hair Dye 50 cents, Black or Brown.—Dépôt No. 1 Barclay-st., and sold by all druggists.
HILL, Inimitable Hair Cutter, No. 1 Barclay-st. Hair Dye 50 cents, black or brown.

MARRIED.

BOOTH—JONES.—In this City, on Tuesday, Nov. 29, by Rev. Dr. Hawks, D. ALONZO BOOTH to LOUISE, daughter of Walker P. Jones, Esq., both of this City.

ELLS—SABINE.—In this City, on Tuesday, Nov. 29, by Rev. Thomas Armitage, Mr. HENRY B. ELLS to Miss JANE ANN SABINE, all of New-York City.

MACY—CARPENTER.—In this City, on Tuesday, Nov. 29, JOSIAH HERBERT MACY to JENNIE CARPENTER, daughter of the late Henry Carpenter.

HUGHES—SANGER.—In the City of Brooklyn, on Tuesday, Nov. 29, by Rev. B. I. Relyea, EDWARD R. HUGHES to MARIA S. SANGER.

DIED.

MEAKIN.—In this City, after a long illness, ELIZABETH, relict of the late James Meakin, aged 70 years.

Her friends, and those of her son John, are respectfully invited to attend her funeral, from No. 170 East 15th-st., on Friday, Dec. 2, at 12 o'clock M.

WOLFE.—In this City, on Wednesday morning, Nov. 30, ANNA B., wife of Udolpho Wolfe, of this City, and daughter of James W. Burke, of New-Orleans, in the 25th year of her age.

The relatives and friends of the family, and of Joel Wolfe, are respectfully invited to attend her funeral, on Friday, Dec. 2, at 2 o'clock, from the residence of her husband, No. 30 West 14th-st.

HARTSHORN.—In this City, at the residence of his brother-in-law, Henry Willets, JOSHUA A. HARTSHORN, aged 33 years.

Funeral service at 10 o'clock A. M., this day, (Thursday,) at the Church corner of Bleecker and Amos sts. The friends are invited to be punctual. The remains will be conveyed to Poughkeepsie for interment, per Hudson River Railroad, at 11 o'clock A. M.

MILDENBERGER.—In this City, on Wednesday morning, Nov. 30, ELVIRA MOUNT, daughter of Henry D. and Eleanor Mildenberger, aged 7 months and 19 days.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from the residence of her parents, No. 80 Bleecker-st., this day, (Thursday,) at 3½ o'clock, without further invitation.

WENMAN.—In this City, on Tuesday, Nov. 29, HENRY JEWETT WENMAN, son of Samuel and Eliza Wenman.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, this day, (Thursday,) at 1 o'clock, from their residence, No. 221 6th av.

HOPKINSON.—In this City, on Wednesday, Nov. 30, IDA, daughter of Henry and Bridget Hopkinson, aged 12 months and 4 days.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend her funeral, from the residence of her parents, No. 67 Varick st., this day, (Thursday,) at 2 o'clock P. M.

MILES.—In Brooklyn, on Tuesday, Nov. 29, HARRIOT A., wife of Charles E. Miles, aged 36 years and 9 months.

The friends and relatives of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, this day, (Thursday,) at No. 316 Adelphi-st., near Greene-st.

INGRAM.—At Rhinebeck, on Monday, Nov. 28, WASHINGTON IRVING, in the 77th year of his age.

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend his funeral, at Christ Church, Tarrytown, on Thursday, Dec. 1, at 1 o'clock P. M. A train will leave Chambers-st. at 11, and trains return to the City at about 4 and 5 P. M. The Express train from Albany will also stop at Tarrytown about 3 P. M. on that day.

WEBB.—At Sheffield, Mass., on Wednesday, Nov. 23, Mrs. LUCY CARFIELD WEBB, aged 76 years.

BARTON.—At Philadelphia, on Monday, Nov. 28, EMILIE AUGUSTA, wife of F. Barton, Esq., and daughter of Caleb Chase, Esq., of Boston.

REESE.—In Philadelphia, on Wednesday, Nov. 30, MARGARET, wife of George B. Reese, and daughter of the late Matthew Mesier, of Wappinger's Falls.

SUTRO.—On Monday, Nov. 14, lost at sea, latitude 28, longitude 16, during a hurricane, JOHN SUTRO, mate of the schooner *Suffolk*, of New-Orleans, in the 31st year of his age.

OFFICIAL DRAWINGS, BY TELEGRAPH,
OF THE LEGALIZED LOTTERIES,
WOOD, EDDY & CO., Managers,
of the
DELAWARE, GEORGIA, KENTUCKY and MISSOURI STATE LOTTERIES.
AUTHORIZED BY THE LEGISLATURE.
The undersigned Commissioners, appointed by the Governor of the State of Delaware to superintend the drawing of the Delaware State Lottery, do certify that the following are the numbers drawn this day:
DELAWARE LOTTERIES.
Extra Class, No. 622, Nov. 30, 1859.
75, 11, 12, 28, 31, 22, 46, 43, 56, 64, 27, 14, 38, 15.
Class No. 634, Nov. 30, 1859.
74, 50, 18, 13, 42, 73, 49, 31, 70, 52, 2, 48, 41.
Witness our hands, at Wilmington, Del., Nov. 30, 1859.
GEO. G. GORDON,
JAS. HEAL,
JAMES DUNCAN,
Circulars, containing schemes for the month, will be mailed free of charge, by sending to
WOOD, EDDY & CO.,
Wilmington, Del., or Augusta, Ga.

GUNS! GUNS! GUNS!!
A FULL ASSORTMENT OF THE BEST MAKERS
Always on hand at
SCHUYLER, HARTLEY & GRAHAME,
No. 12 Maiden-lane.

MARS MONUMENT ASSOCIATION.
Hon. AMOS G. BULLINGAME, of Massachusetts, will deliver the opening address before the Mars Monument Association, at the Academy of Music, on SATURDAY EVENING, Nov. 30, commencing at 7½ o'clock.
An introductory address will also be delivered by Dr. JOHN W. FRANCIS, President of the Association.
The following gentlemen will also be there in the Course,
Prof. MITCHEL,
Rev. E. H. CHAPIN,
Capt. W. F. LYNCH, U. S. N.,
Rev. H. WARD BEECHER,
BAYARD TAYOR,
Rev. J. W. CUMMINGS, D. D.,
GEORGE WILLIAM CURTIS,
W. L. HOSMER, &c., &c.
TICKETS for the course, (on location,) admitting a lady and gentleman.....$3 00
Single Course Tickets.....2 00
Single Tickets.....50
JOHN H. WHITE,
Chairman of Lecture Committee.

OUR MUSICAL FRIEND.
NO. 34, VOL. 4, NOW READY.
PRICE 10 CENTS.
CONTENTS:
"His Daughter's Grave," Negro Melody....Geo. Leach,
Rondo Villageois, for piano.....Adrian Talcoy,
"Why did She Leave Him," ballad....Jos. E. Perring,
"Beautiful Venice," popular song.....J. F. Knight.
For sale at all bookstores and news depôts, and at the Office, No. 167 Nassau-st.
The first, second and third volumes, bound in handsome gilt cloth cases, $3 50 per volume.

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THE GREAT STRENGTHENER
AND PAIN DESTROYER.
A positive antidote to COUGHS, COLDS, WEAKNESS OF THE CHEST, and ALL PULMONARY AFFECTIONS incident to our changeable climate.
PAIN CANNOT EXIST WHERE THIS PLASTER IS APPLIED.
Price, 25 cents a box.
SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS IN TOWN AND COUNTRY.

USEFUL IN EVERY FAMILY.
PAINT, GREASE SPOTS, &c., removed instantly. Gloves, silks, ribbons, &c., cleaned equal to new, without injury to the most delicate color or fabric, by HEGEMAN & CO.'S CONCENTRATED BENZINE. Only 25 cents per bottle. HEGEMAN & CO., Druggists,
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REGULAR REPUBLICAN NOMINATION
FOR MAYOR,
GEORGE OPDYKE.

GREAT REDUCTION IN PRICES AT GENIN'S BAZAAR.
PRICES REDUCED IN LACES AND EMBROIDERIES.
PRICES REDUCED IN BOYS' AND YOUTHS' CLOTHING.
PRICES REDUCED IN LADIES' HOSIERY.
GREAT REDUCTION IN PRICES AT GENIN'S BAZAAR.
PRICES REDUCED IN GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS.
PRICES REDUCED IN LADIES' GAITERS AND SLIPPERS.
PRICES REDUCED IN CHILDREN'S LEGGINGS.
PRICES REDUCED IN GIRLS DRESSES.
GREAT REDUCTION IN PRICES AT GENIN'S BAZAAR.
PRICES REDUCED IN SMALL BOYS' SUITS.
PRICES REDUCED IN INFANTS' WARDROBE.
PRICES REDUCED IN INFANTS' CLOAKS.
PRICES REDUCED IN LADIES' ROBES DE CHAMBRE.
PRICES REDUCED IN LADIES' UNDER-LINEN.
PRICES REDUCED IN BRIDAL OUTFITS.
GREAT REDUCTION IN PRICES AT GENIN'S BAZAAR.
PRICES REDUCED IN LADIES' BONNETS.
PRICES REDUCED IN CHILDREN'S BONNETS.
PRICES REDUCED IN CHILDREN'S FANCY HATS.
PRICES REDUCED IN LADIES' HEAD-DRESSES.
GREAT REDUCTION IN PRICES AT GENIN'S BAZAAR.
PRICES REDUCED IN LADIES' FURS.
PRICES REDUCED IN CHILDREN'S FURS.
PRICES REDUCED IN SLEIGH ROBES.
GREAT REDUCTION IN PRICES AT GENIN'S BAZAAR.
PRICES REDUCED IN GENTS' FUR COLLARS.
PRICES REDUCED IN FUR GLOVES.
PRICES REDUCED IN GENTS' FUR CAPS.
PRICES REDUCED IN LADIES' FUR ARCTIC HOODS.
GREAT REDUCTION IN PRICES AT GENIN'S BAZAAR.
PRICES REDUCED IN BOYS' CLOTH AND VELVET CAPS.
PRICES REDUCED IN BOYS' AND MEN'S SOFT HATS.
PRICES REDUCED IN GENTS' DRESS HATS.
GREAT REDUCTION IN PRICES AT GENIN'S BAZAAR,
Nos. 507 and 513 BROADWAY.

FEVER AND AGUE? CHILL FEVER!! DUMB AGUE!!!
It is not a very difficult thing to break the ague—that is, for a time to scatter it over the system, with quinine, arsenic, or similar poisons. But a vegetable medicine which not only breaks the fits, but eradicates it from the system, is a remedy worth having. Such is HUMPHREY'S HOMŒOPATHIC AGUE PILLS—a harmless sugar pill; it *cures the disease*, breaks up the fits, and eradicates it from the system; and even prevents it where persons have been exposed. Children, infants, and the most feeble, may take it with impunity. The most inveterate cases are radically cured by it.
Price, 50 cents per box.
N. B.—A full set of Humphrey's Homœopathic Specifics, with book of directions, and 20 different remedies, in large vials, morocco case, $5; do., in plain case, $4; case of 15 boxes and book, $3.
These remedies, by the single box or case, are sent by mail or express, free of charge, to any address on receipt of the price. Address
DR. F. HUMPHREYS & CO.,
No. 562 Broadway, New-York.

FOR NEW YEAR'S.
FOR NEW YEAR'S.
A NEW SENSATION.
A NEW SENSATION.
LEDIARD'S BON SANTE,
LEDIARD'S BON SANTE,
A DELIGHTFUL LIQUOR,
WHOLESOME AND AGREEABLE.
EVERYBODY LIKES IT.
NO NEW YEAR'S TABLE COMPLETE WITHOUT IT.
BUY A BOTTLE, at
PIERCE'S Fruit and Grocery Store,
NO. 655 BROADWAY.
DEPOT, No. 57 William-st.

A FRIEND IN NEED—TRY IT.
DR. SWEET'S INFALLIBLE LINIMENT.
The great external remedy of the age. Prepared from the recipe of Dr. Stephen Sweet of Connecticut, the celebrated bone setter, whose fame is unrivaled by that of any living man. It is a certain and immediate cure for rheumatism, gout, neuralgia, spraing, bruises, cuts, wounds, sores, burns, scalds, piles, lumbago, headache, toothache, and all rheumatic or nervous disorders, external injuries, &c. All sufferers should give it a trial. RICHARDSON & CO., Proprietors, Norwich, Conn. For sale everywhere.

BLEEDING PILES, OR EXTERNAL PILES.
The proprietor of Dr. WITMER'S Pile Suppository will guarantee to cure any case of external or internal piles. Persons afflicted with piles are respectfully invited to call upon the agent, and reference will be given to persons who were confined to their beds, and were cured by this article in a few days. Dépôt No. 195 Bowery, New-York. The medicine can be sent to any part of the country.

BAYARD TAYLOR'S NEW SERIES OF LETTERS,
entitled
PICTURES OF CALIFORNIA—TEN YEARS LATER.
No. 1
is now ready in
THE NEW-YORK MERCURY.

SOUTH BROOKLYN ASSOCIATION'S LECTURES.
HON. THOMAS CORWIN
will deliver a lecture on
THE TIMES,
at the Westminster Church, South Brooklyn, on
THURSDAY EVENING, DEC. 1.

FILES OF LONG STANDING
Cured by the Magnetic Salve. JAMES LINN, No. 125 Amity-st. For sale by Dr. S. S. Smith, No. 228 Canal-st.; Wells & Co., No. 168 Franklin-st.; Barnes & Farr, No. 3 Park Row; Gould, Tribune Building, and by Druggists.

WHISKERS OR MOUSTACHES.
Do you want Whiskers or Moustaches? My Ongoneni established in 1852, will force them to grow on the same thick face in six weeks, without stain or injury to the skin. Price $1. Sent anywhere to any address.
R. G. GRAHAM, No. 1 Vanderbilt-st., New-York.

ST. CATHARINES MINERAL WATER.—This extraordinary water having established itself as the great curative of the present age in dispelling RHEUMATISM, RHEUMATIC GOUT, Kidney Complaints, Diseases peculiar to Women, and as a purifier of the blood, stands in the front rank of all medicines yet discovered. Hundreds, the past summer, have received permanent relief from these distressing complaints.
The Agency have just received a large supply of the Water in its natural state, and also in a concentrated form for bottling.
PRICE, $3 per doz. for natural Water.
$5 " " " for Bathing.
One bottle of the latter being sufficient for a Bath, which can also be used as a Liniment. C. L. MATSON,
Sole Agent, Astor House.
P.S.—Look out for Counterfeits. New-York compounds now put upon ordering from the Agent.

SHAVER'S PATENT BRACES, POLISHED Spring-cutter, Silver and pencil compasses, Dividers, Small, elegant and useful, suitable for the mechanic, student and school room. "Is the best and most useful articles that any other artists of any nation, in my knowledge."—Mr. Dow, Sculptor, of Conn. "Will be found useful on every work."—Mr. Hiram Powers, Florence. "Perform all that is claimed for them."—Prof. J. J. Wason, Newark, N. J. "Are invaluable as an eraser, and other articles useful."—Mr. Richard Everett, Newark. Address, with stamp, A. G. SHAVER, New-Haven, Conn.

THE INDEPENDENT OF TO-DAY
has
LETTER BY HARRIET BEECHER STOWE,
Written from Milan, Italy,
THE THANKSGIVING SERMON
of
REV. HENRY WARD BEECHER.
An article on
"The Duty of Preaching Against the Sin of Slaveholding," by
REV. DR. CHEEVER.
THE VIRGINIA SCAFFOLD.
A Poem by Rosan Dean Freeman.
THE DEATH OF WASHINGTON IRVING.
By Theodore Tilton.
Among the Editorial Articles are the following:
MORAL HEROISM AND MENTAL HALLUCINATION.
LOGICAL FALLACIES.
THE CHURCH IN AMERICA OR THE AMERICAN CHURCH.
OBLIQUE SELFISHNESS.
and others.
A Commercial article, entitled,
PAYING FOR MONEY AND GETTING CHEATED.
THE INDEPENDENT appears this week in
A NEW DRESS,
It is printed on good paper, with clear faced types, and is more readable than ever.
TERMS: Two Dollars a year by mail; Two Dollars and a Half, delivered to subscribers for New-York and Brooklyn.
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FOR SALE BY ALL NEWS AGENTS.

R. R. R.
THE GREAT COPESTONE OF MEDICINE:
RADWAY'S READY RELIEF.
This remedy is the most useful and important medicine in the world; it is a preventive of sickness as well as ready relief in all cases of pain, ache, inflammation and disease. Every family should keep it in the house. The moment you experience pain or sickness in any part of the body, a dose of RADWAY'S READY RELIEF, taken internally or applied externally, in the nature of the pain may require, will restore the patient to ease and comfort in from One to Twenty Minutes.
It has cured over one million of the human race of all kinds of pains and aches—Rheumatism, Lumbago, Neuralgia, Headache, Toothache, Burns, Scalds, Bruises, Sprains, Inflammation, Diarrhea, Dysentery, Flux, Heartburn, Colics, Croups, Spasms, Weakness of the Joints, Sore Throat, Influenza, Worms, Cramp, Cholera, Yellow Fever, Fever and Ague, and in fact all maladies of an acute, painful, malarious or infectious character. No matter how severe and excruciating may be the pain you suffer, RADWAY'S READY RELIEF will in a few moments restore your system to ease and comfort. This invaluable remedy is sold in every town and village of the United States, Canadas and British Provinces, for 25 cents, 50 cents and $1 per bottle. Many lives have been saved by a 25-cent bottle.
N. B.—Planters, plantations and hotel-keepers supplied by the case, by addressing Dr. RADWAY & CO., No. 32 John-st., New-York.

MRS. WINSLOW'S
SOOTHING SYRUP.
MRS. WINSLOW, AN EXPERIENCED NURSE and female physician, has a SOOTHING SYRUP for children teething, which greatly facilitates the process of teething by softening the gums, reducing all inflammation; will allay all pain, and is sure to regulate the bowels. Depend upon it, mothers, it will give rest to yourselves, and relief and health to your infants. Perfectly safe in all cases. Sold everywhere. Price only 25 cents per bottle. Office No. 13 Cedar-st.

CHAPPED HANDS, FACE, LIPS, &c.
CERTAIN CURE.—HEGEMAN & CO.'S CAMPHOR ICE WITH GLYCERINE. Cheap, safe and agreeable. Price 25 cents. HEGEMAN & CO.,
Nos. 161, 390, 511 and 786 Broadway.
Sent by mail on receipt of 30 cents.

HEGEMAN, CLARK & CO.'S CELEBRATED COD LIVER OIL, warranted pure and prepared from fresh Cod Fish Livers, by HEGEMAN & CO., Nos. 161, 390, 511 and 786 Broadway.

WILL BE READY THIS DAY, AT 3 P. M.,
THE ILLUSTRATED RAILWAY GUIDE
OF THE
UNITED STATES AND THE CANADAS:
APPLETON'S
RAILWAY GUIDE FOR DECEMBER CONTAINS
I.—Portrait and Biographical Sketch of Daniel Drew, Vice-President of the New-York & Erie Railway, by Rev. J. P. Gilmstock, D.D.; with Phrenological Delineation of Character, dictated from Portraits by Fowler & Wells.
II.—RAILWAYS AND THEIR PROGRESS: Progress and Prospect of Railways in the United States; The Great Interior Cities—Cincinnati, Memphis, Texas, San Francisco, Cal.; Annual Convention of Railway Ticket Agents at Cincinnati, Ohio; The Express Business; Illinois Central Railway; Michigan Central Railway; Mobile & Ohio Railway.
III.—SWINDLING OPERATIONS: Dunn's Take the Papers; Impersonating Railway Agents; How a Kentucky Colonel was Victimized at Cincinnati.
IV.—NEW INVENTIONS: New Railway Brakes; The Enameling Process; Russia Sheet Iron; Timber and its Decay; Electric Clocks; Production of Coal; A New Sleeping Agent; Improved Centre Plate for Cars; Air-Engines.
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Consisting of Hudson Bay Sable, Mink, Stone Marten, Fitch, Ermine, Siberian Squirrel, &c.
At LEOPOLD LANGE'S,
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BURGER & BUCKNER (importers and Manufacturers) will be pleased to exhibit their valuable stock to any purchaser, consisting of
SABLE, MINK, STONE MARTEN, ERMINE, &c.,
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CLASSES OPEN AT ALL TIMES FOR BEGINNERS.
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No. 48 CHRISTOPHER-STREET.—IF YOU wish to have true information of your absent friends, then don't fail to consult Mrs. H. ROBINS, the celebrated Clairvoyant, who will give you information—the knowledge of which will save you years of sorrow and care. Her office is at No. 48 Christopher-st., near 6th-av. Her fees are reduced for ladies, 50c.; gentlemen, 50c.

N. B.—WHO HAS NOT HEARD OF THE CELEBRATED Madame FREWSTER? She has been consulted by thousands in this and other cities, with entire satisfaction, she feels confident that she has no equal, in this city, in the future, of marriage, or husband; also, the art of her visitors. If you wish truth, give her a call at No. 331 3d-av., opposite 14th-st. Ladies 50 cents, gentlemen $1.

FOR SALE—A CITY-BUILT COUPE, LINED with blue cloth; thills used, and in perfect order; can be seen at No. 6 West 16th-st., in the alley.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FEMALES.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE GIRL, A SITUATION as seamstress; can cut, fit, make and mend children's dresses, and do all kinds of family sewing; would assist in other work, or assist in the care of children; the best of City reference. Can be seen for two days, at No. 426 4th-av., between 30th and 31st sts., from No. 12.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE young woman as cook in a respectable private family; one who perfectly understands her business, meats, poultry and game, and all kinds of deserts; also, pickling and preserving; can give the best of City references. Can be seen for two days at No. 218 West 25th-st., between 5th and 6th ave., third floor, back room.

WANTED—AN EDUCATED LADY OF DOMESTIC habits, having much experience and of great energy of character, desires a situation as matron in a boarding-school, or to take the supervision of a widower's family, or as governess to small children. No objections to any part of the country. Address H. R. A., Oxford, Chester County, Penn.

WANTED—BY A COMPETENT YOUNG WOMAN, a situation as waitress and to assist with chamber work; or would do chamber work and plain sewing; is both willing and obliging; can furnish unexceptionable City reference from her last employer as to character and capability. Can be seen for three days at No. 450 6th-av., between 30th and 31st sts., 2d floor, front.

WANTED—BY A VERY COMPETENT, INDUSTRIOUS girl, a situation in City or country as good cook and excellent washer and ironer, or to do general housework; can bake first-quality bread and every kind of plain pastry. Can be highly recommended. Apply at No. 370 6th-av., near 22d-st., up stairs.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE young woman as chambermaid, and to assist in washing and ironing; is a good plain sewer, willing to make herself generally useful; has good City reference. Call for three days at No. 125 West 24th-st., between 6th and 7th ave.

WANTED—BY A COMPETENT, TIDY WOMAN, having excellent City reference, a situation as cook and laundress; is a good baker; does up linen in magnificent style; wages $7 to $8. Also, a neat girl of 18, to do chamber-work and waiting and plain sewing; wages $3. Call at No. 236 East 22d-st., for 2 days.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE young girl as chambermaid and waiter, or to do light housework in a small private family. No objection to either one, and willing and obliging. Good City references. Call at No. 112 East 22d-st., for two days, on the first floor, front room.

WANTED.—AN AMERICAN YOUNG LADY OF respectability and education, wishes a situation in some family where she could make herself useful and be treated as a companion; is capable of doing almost anything, or would instruct children. Unexceptionable references given. Apply at No. 40 Orchard-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS FIRST-RATE cook by one who understands her business thoroughly, and is a good baker; is willing to assist in the washing and ironing. Has the best of City references. Inquire at No. 224 East 14th-st., in the rear, first floor, between 1st-av. and Avenue A, in a private family.

WANTED—BY A COMPETENT PERSON, (AN American,) a situation as family seamstress; can operate on Wilders' and Wilson's sewing machines; would assist in chamberwork or the care of young children. Call at, or address, for two days, in the fancy-store, No. 165 3d-av., between 16th and 17th sts.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A COMPETENT young woman, as lady's maid and seamstress, or nurse and seamstress; understands all kinds of family sewing; good references from her last place. No. 127 West 27th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A GOOD THOROUGH cook; understands baking, and will assist with the washing of a small private family; no objection to a short distance in the country. Call, for two days, at No. 3 6th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A MOST EXPERIENCED, capable servant, to do cooking, washing and ironing, or general housework; is a hard-working, economical girl, and one that tries to please; references unquestionable. Call at No. 58 Atlantic-st., Brooklyn.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A YOUNG WOMAN, to instruct children, or to do plain sewing and waiting; is fully competent; best of reference. Call at No. 147 35th-st., between 5th and 6th ave. Can be seen for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A GOOD COOK, in a private family; has no objection to either City or country. Best of reference from her last place. Good wages required. Call at No. 143 Prince-st., corner of Thompson-st., Room No. 10.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS NURSE AND seamstress, or as chambermaid and nurse, by a very competent girl with good City references. Call, during two days, at No. 36 13th-st., west of 5th-av., second floor, back room.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A PROTESTANT woman as cook in a private family; understands cooking in all its branches; can give satisfactory references. Can be seen for two days at No. 488 3d-av., at Mrs. TAYLOR'S.

WANTED.—A RESPECTABLE PROTESTANT girl wishes a situation as cook in a private family; is willing to assist in washing and ironing; can come well recommended. Call for two days at No. 142 3d-av., between 18th and 19th sts.

WANTED—A RESPECTABLE WIDOW WISHES to get ladies' and gentlemen's washing; has the best of recommendation; also, has a nice yard. Address a note to No. 94 Grove-st., one block from Waverly-place.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE WOMAN, A situation as cook; she understands the business in all its branches, and has lived with some of the most respectable families in this country. Call at No. 172 East 12th-st., between 1st and 2d avs., top floor, front.

WANTED—A SITUATION, AS NURSE AND seamstress, or as chambermaid and seamstress, in the City or country, by a very competent girl, who can tend an infant from its birth. Call during two days, or address NURSE, at No. 49 6th-av., second floor.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COOK IN A PRIvate family, by a respectable Scotch woman who understands her business perfectly; is neat, clean and obliging, and has good City reference. Can be seen at No. 198 7th-av., near 22d-st.

WANTED—A RESPECTABLE GIRL WANTS A situation as seamstress; can cut and fit; would travel; is willing to take care of children, or do chamberwork; best of City reference. Call at No. 326 East 10th-st., between Avenues A and B.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG WOMAN as nurse and seamstress, or to do chamberwork and sewing; would like to go to Cuba with a family; has good City reference. Apply at No. 65 East 15th-st., near 3d-av., in the fancy-store.

WANTED.—A RESPECTABLE PROTESTANT woman wishes a situation as plain cook; is a first-rate washer and ironer; is tidy and neat in her kitchen, and prefers a steady place. Call at No. 236 Mulberry-st., front room, up stairs.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A PROTESTANT young woman, as first-class cook; one who understands her business; has the best of City reference. Can be seen, for two days, at No. 40 Spring-st., third floor, between Mott and Mulberry sts.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A FIRST-CLASS cook, who understands her business in all its branches, and understands both American and German cooking. Can give the best of reference. Apply at No. 87 6th-av., fourth floor, back room.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS FIRST-CLASS cook in a small private family; understands all kinds of family cooking; would go to Providence, Washington, or any large city; has the very best of reference. Call at No. 68 East 28th-st., corner of 3d av.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE PROTESTANT girl, a situation as chambermaid and fine washer, or plain sewing. The best of reference. No objection to the country. Call for two days at No. 137 West 27th-st., second floor, back room.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE AMERICAN girl, a situation as seamstress; would not object to do light chamberwork; can be seen for three days at No. 169 West 43d-st., between 7th and 8th av. Has no objection to go to the country.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG GIRL, to take care of children, do light chamberwork, and make herself generally useful. Can be seen at her present employer's, No. 6 Abingdon-place, Troy-st.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE WOMAN, A situation as laundress, or chambermaid and fine washing, with good City reference. Call at No. 89 11th-st., between 5th and 6th ave., in the rear, for two days.

A GENTLEMAN GIVING UP HOUSEKEEPing, wishes to procure situations for two excellent servants; one as cook, the other as waitress and chambermaid. Apply at No. 72 West 11th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE Protestant girl, as nurse and seamstress, or to do light chamberwork. Can be seen for two days, at No. 60 East 22d-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE American girl from the country; is used to all kinds of work, and is not afraid of work. Can be seen for one week at No. 167 East 34th-st., 2d floor.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG GERMAN GIRL, A situation to do the general housework of a private family; best of reference. Can be seen at No. 527 Pearl-st., in the store.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS HOUSEKEEPER, by a German Protestant; age 35; she speaks French and English, and can give good references. Address 13 and 14 Bible House, 9th-st., between 3d and 4th avs.

WANTED—BY A PROTESTANT GIRL, TO GO out by the week or day to make ladies' and children's dresses; can do all kinds of family sewing. Call at No. 140 West 19th-st., third floor.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE young woman as chambermaid and laundress, or as waitress, with best of City reference. Apply at No. 22 16th-st., between 5th and 6th avs., for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A SCOTCH WOman, as laundress, or to cook, wash and iron, for a small private family; an American family preferred. Address E. F., Box No. 165 Times Office.

WANTED—SITUATIONS BY TWO YOUNG girls; one as first-rate cook, the other as nurse and seamstress; have the best of City references. Call at No. 35 West 19th-st. for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE young woman as a first-rate cook in a respectable private family. Can have the best of City reference. Can be seen for two days, at No. 144 West 18th-st.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE WOMAN, TO take in washing or to go out by the day. Call at No. 114 7th-av., third floor, back room, corner of 16th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A PROTESTANT girl as cook. City references given. Can be seen for two days at 149 East 32d-st., between 1st and 2d avs.

ANY LADY WISHING AN EXPERIENCED monthly nursing find one at No. 109 Henderson-st., Jersey City. Address, personally or by letter, E. H., as above.

ALL FAMILIES WANTING GOOD SERVANTS—German, Irish, Scotch, English, &c., call at the INSTITUTE and HOME OF DOMESTICS, No. 128 11th-st., corner of 6th-av. This extensive establishment abundance of civil capable help to call off, at moderate wages. Conducted by a respectable American lady. Call and see.

GOOD FEMALE AND MALE SERVANTS, Germans and other servants, at Rev. 16 and 18 Bible House, 9th-st., between 3d and 4th avs., also cook, French and other cooks, 2d cook, 4th ave., chamber and dining-room waiters. A lady in attendance.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FEMALES.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY AN EXPERIENCED woman, as cook, in a private family; is a good usually baker and is willing to assist in the washing and ironing, if required; has the best of City references. Can be seen at her employer's, No. 240 West 11th-st., between 6th and 7th ave.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A MOST RESpectable woman, as thorough cook; understands her business perfectly. Also, a tidy, young girl, as nurse and chambermaid. Ladies in want of a first-class servant, apply at No. 3 Myrtle-av., Brooklyn.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE young girl as chambermaid, or take care of children; can do all kinds of needlework; not long in this country. Call at 113 East 22d-st., first floor, front room.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE young girl as nurse and seamstress; is competent; can give the best of references. Call at 109 West 26th-st.

MALES.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS LIGHT PORTER or messenger in a bank or store by a respectable Protestant man, who can give $400 security on his own account, and can be highly recommended by some of the best families in the City, for strict honesty and sobriety, and willing to make himself useful to his employer. Call or address A. B., care of Mr. Kerr, corner of 6th-st. and Broadway, for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN BY a single man who thoroughly understands his business in the care and treatment of horses; understands gardening well; is a most competent groom and good driver. Has the best of references in this City; has no objection to the country. Address W. O., Box No. 501 Times Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS GROOM AND coachman, by a single man, of long experience in his profession in Europe and America; is a most competent groom and steady driver; has no objection to make himself useful; has the best of recommendations. Address E. D., Box No. 230 Times Office, or No. 638 Broadway, for two days, will be promptly attended to.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY AN EXPERienced and trustworthy woman, as nurse and seamstress; knows the care of infants from their birth, which her references will show; is also a good seamstress; will make herself generally useful; salary not so much an object as a good home. Call at No. 378 6th-av., first floor, front room.

WANTED—SITUATIONS BY TWO RESPECTAble Protestants, (man and wife,) without incumbrance; the man as coachman and gardener, and to make himself generally useful; the woman as cook, washer, and ironer, and to take care of the dairy and poultry, &c. Can be highly recommended. Apply, for three days, at No. 124 4th-av., near 12th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A YOUNG MAN, as book-keeper or assistant in some wholesale house in this City or elsewhere; has been ten years in a confidential capacity with a house in this City, who have lately retired from business. Views as to salary moderate. Address POLEMUS, Box No. 170 Times Office.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN, A SITUATION as coachman and groom, and is willing to make himself generally useful; wages not so much an object as a permanent situation. Can produce the best of testimonials from his last employer. Call or address P. F., No. 9 John-st., for three days.

WANTED—A SITUATION IN THE CITY, BY A married man, (a Protestant,) as groom, with some private gentleman; he understands the care of horses well; also carriages, wagons and harness; has good reference. Address C. W., Box No. 101 Times Office, for two days.

WANTED—BY AN EXPERIENCED MAN, A SITuation in a restaurant, saloon, hotel or boarding-house; he understands marketing, carving, waiting, bartending, and is capable of taking charge of the above situations if required. Address L. M., No. 803 Broadway, corner 11th-st.

WANTED—A PROTESTANT MAN WANTS A situation as coachman; understands the care and treatment of horses, and is a careful driver. Can give the best of reference as to character and industry. A note addressed to J. H. O., Box No. 146, Times office, will be attended to.

WANTED.—A YOUNG GERMAN MAN WISHES a situation in a store as clerk; he has been a clerk in a variety store in Germany for several years past; writes and speaks the English as well as the German and can give a good recommendation. Address C. M., Box No. 138 Times Office. No objections to the country.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS WAITER, BY A Protestant young man; he has got the best of City reference for the last 3 years; he is sober, honest, and worthy of entire confidence. Can be seen, for three days, between the hours of 8 and 11, at his last employer's, No. 4 East 14th-st. ROBERT JOHNSTON.

WANTED—A COACHMAN'S SITUATION BY A man who thoroughly understands his business; is a careful driver; has the best of City reference from his last place. Can be seen at CHAS. WATERS', No. 840 Broadway.

WANTED.—A YOUNG MAN WANTS A SITuation as coachman; has no objections to a small garden and make himself generally useful; has good reference from the last place he lived in. Address A. B., Box No. 207 Times Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS WAITER, IN A private family, by a young Protestant Englishman, who understands his business perfectly in all its branches; has the best City reference. Apply, for two days, at No. 124 4th-av., near 12th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A PROTESTANT young man, as coachman and groom; is a good careful driver, and comes well recommended from his last employer. Address JAMES, for two days, Box No. 200 Times Office.

HELP WANTED.

WANTED—TWO OR THREE RESPECTABLE men, to solicit subscriptions to a new and standard work, just received from London. Business men, of good address and industrious habits, apply to R. T. SHANNON, London Printing and Publishing Company, No. 55 Dey-st., up stairs.

WANTED—A BOY, ABOUT 16 YEARS OF AGE, to learn the ornamental engraving of silver ware; one with a taste for drawing; must have good reference; must be accompanied by one of his parents. Apply at No. 400 Broadway, Office 6, at 10 o'clock this day.

WANTED—TWO FOREMEN OF TRACK AND six stone masons, to go to the Isthmus of Panama. Apply, with recommendations, at the Office of the Panama Railroad Company, No. 60 Wall-st.

WANTED—A GOOD SATINET PRINTER—A SOber man, and one who understands this business thoroughly. None other need apply. Address C. F., Box No. 201 Times Office.

WANTED—A GENTLEMAN OF PLEASING ADdress, to engage in an agency for an important enterprise, not incompatible with a minister's position. Address AGENCY, Box No. 133 Times Office.

WANTED—A WHITE OR COLORED MAN, TO take care of a horse and be useful in a family. Apply at No. 1 Wall-st., at the specie office.

WANTED—AGENTS TO CANVASS FOR SOME of the most popular works ever published in this country. Address S. CLOUGH, Providence, R. I.

LADY'S MAID WANTED.—A FIRST-CLASS Lady's maid—one who understands dressmaking and hair-dressing. Apply at Clarendon Hotel, Room No. 147.

NURSERY GOVERNESS WANTED.—A competent person may obtain a good situation by applying at No. 69 5th-av., corner 12th-st., for two days.

WANTED—AN ACTIVE, UNMARRIED MAN, IN store No. 130 Chatham-st., after 10 P. M.

BOARDING AND LODGING.

BOARDING.—A GENTLEMAN AND WIFE, OR two single gentlemen, may be accommodated with board and a large, pleasant front room, with large pantry, on second floor, by applying at No. 64 West Warren-st., between Henry and Clinton sts. Location convenient to Wall-st. and South Ferries. Unexceptionable references given and required.

BOARDING.—A LARGE PARLOR AND BEDRoom to let with board, either together or separate; also a small room, suitable for a single gentleman. Terms moderate. Best of references given and required. Apply at No. 220 West 32d-st., Boorman-terrace, between 8th and 9th ave.

BOARDING.—A HANDSOME FRONT ROOM AND bedroom, on second floor, furnished; a large back room on third floor, unfurnished, to let with board in a private family. Gas, bath, &c., supplied. Apply at No. 824 Thompson-st., near Amity. References exchanged.

BOARDING.—I WANT A PLEASANT ROOM ON second floor, with all conveniences, with full board, for myself, wife and child, between 16th and 23d sts.; reference exchanged. Address, with particulars, ROYAL, Box No. 120 Times Office.

BOARDING.—A PLEASANT PARLOR AND BED Room may be obtained at Mrs. AUSTIN'S, No. 74 East 14th-st., near Union-square; also, single rooms. Dinner at 6 o'clock.

BOARDING.—A SINGLE GENTLEMAN MAY obtain a pleasant furnished front room in a modern house, with board in a small family. References required. Apply at No. 43 West 19th-st.

BOARDING.—A SUITE OF HANDSOMELY-FURnished rooms to let, with board, in a first-class house, to single gentlemen or gentlemen and their wives. References exchanged. Apply at No. 141 West 34th-st.

BOARDING IN BROOKLYN—A PLEASANT front room on second floor, suitable for a gentleman and his wife or two single gentlemen; convenient to Fulton and Wall-st. Ferries. Apply at No. 15 Clinton-st.

BOARDING.—APARTMENTS FOR A GENTLEman and wife, or a single gentleman, at No. 303 Broome-st.

BOARD IN BROOKLYN.—A GENTLEMAN and wife, and one or two single gentlemen, can be accommodated with pleasant rooms, with full or partial board, at No. 82 Court-st., corner of State. Unexceptionable references given and required.

BOARD IN BROOKLYN.—A GENTLEMAN and wife, or single gentleman, may find pleasant rooms, for the Winter, in a pleasant neighborhood, convenient to Fulton or Wall-st. ferries. Apply No. 87 Hicks-st., corner Pineapple. Reference required.

BOARD IN BROOKLYN.—PARTIES WISHing to secure rooms for the Winter, can be accommodated on favorable terms at No. 79 Sands-st. The house is large and pleasant and contains all modern conveniences. Dinner at 6 o'clock. References required.

BOARD IN BROOKLYN.—TWO OR THREE gentlemen can be accommodated with partial board in a private family, in a pleasant location. Apply at No. 75 Willoughby-st.

FURNISHED ROOMS—FOR SINGLE GENTLEmen in a desirable part of Prince-st. (No. 93,) near Broadway; the beds, bedding and furniture all new and elegant, and will be kept in the neatest and best manner; hot and cold water and gas in each room. References required in all cases. Rents moderate. Clerks and men of business will find it to their advantage to call and examine before locating for the Winter.

IN THE BROWN-STONE HOUSE, NO. 28 Willow-st., Brooklyn, three minutes' walk from Fulton Ferry, a pleasant room with board, furnished or unfurnished, suitable for a gentleman and wife or two single gentlemen. Also, a single room.

TO LET—FURNISHED ROOMS WITH OR WITHout board, for a small family or single gentlemen, at No. 169 Lexington-av., between 28th and 29th sts. References of religious or strictly moral habits preferred.

BOARDING AND LODGING.

TO LET—FURNISHED BED AND SITTING rooms, with board, to a gentleman by a small private family; residing in 22d-st. near 6th-av., in a large three-story house, containing all modern improvements and conveniences. Breakfast given if desired; no other boarders taken. Address W., Box No. 1,246 Post office.

NO. 174 WEST TWENTY-FIRST-STREET.—Board for single gentlemen and families. A suite of rooms on second floor, with spacious closets. Families desiring to make permanent arrangements for the Winter will find it for their interest to call. Dinner at 6 o'clock.

WANTED—BY A SINGLE GENTLEMAN, A nearly furnished room, including fire during the evening, with full or partial board; location east of 5th-st., between 3d and 4th ave.; private family preferred; terms reasonable. Address, stating particulars, G. E. H., Box No. 116 Times Office.

AUCTION SALES.

ALBERT H. NICOLAY, Auctioneer.
REGULAR AUCTION SALE OF STOCKS AND BONDS.—ALBERT H. NICOLAY will sell THIS DAY, (Thursday,) Dec. 1, at 12½ o'clock, at his Stock Salesroom, No. 52 William-st., near Wall-st.:

20 shares Butchers' Bank	$100 each.
20 shares Bank of the Republic	100 each.
100 Citizens' Bank	25 each.
50 shares Atlantic Bank	100 each.
25 shares Bank of New-York	100 each.
19 shares St. Nicholas Bank	100 each.
50 shares Firemen's Fire Insurance Co.	17 each.
20 shares Washington Fire Insurance Co.	50 each.
25 Brewster's Fire Insurance Co.	25 each.
30 shares New-York Fire and Marine Ins.	100 each.
40 shares Excelsior Fire Insurance Co.	50 each.
20 shares Artisans' Fire Insurance Co.	100 each.
20 shares Howard Fire Insurance Co.	50 each.
25 shares City Fire Insurance Co.	70 each.
20 shares Atlantic Fire Insurance Co.	50 each.
25 shares Jefferson Fire Insurance Co.	50 each.
10 shares Eagle Fire Insurance Co.	40 each.
43 shares Rutger's Fire Insurance Co.	25 each.
26 shares Importers' and Traders' Ins. Co.	100 each.
40 shares Mechanics' and Traders' Ins. Co.	25 each.
80 shares Stuyvesant Fire Insurance Co.	25 each.
20 shares Empire City Fire Insurance Co.	100 each.
20 shares American Fire Insurance Co.	100 each.
10 shares Market Fire Insurance Co.	100 each.
26 shares Columbian Marine Insurance Co.	100 each.
36 shares Mercantile Marine Insurance Co.	100 each.
25 shares Firemen's Fund Insurance Co.	10 each.
20 shares Manhattan Fire Insurance Co.	50 each.
10 shares Home Fire Insurance Co.	100 each.
45 shares New-York Equitable Fire Ins. Co.	35 each.

Two notes of Babcock, Phelps & Co., $670 10; $615 70.
$8,000 Missouri State 6 Per Cent. Bonds.
$6,000 Virginia State 6 Per Cent. Bonds.
$5,000 Trenton Coal and Railroad 7 Per Cent. Bonds.
Securities received in addition to the regularly advertised list during every sale. Next regular sale on MONDAY, Dec. 5. Auction Sale of Stocks and Bonds every MONDAY and THURSDAY, or every day, whenever required, at 12½ o'clock, at the Stock Salesroom, No. 52 William-st., or Merchants' Exchange, as desired. Stocks and Bonds carefully sold at private sale and at the Brokers' Board. Interest allowed on deposits and dividends collected. Sales also made of real estate at public or private sale when desired.
ALBERT H. NICOLAY,
Stock Auctioneer, Broker and Banker,
No. 52 William-st., near Wall.

EDWARD SCHENCK, Auctioneer.
LARGE AND PEREMPTORY SALE OF MAGNIFICENT LADIES' FURS, CARRIAGE ROBES, &c.
BY E. & F. H. SCHENCK,
At their salesrooms, No. 33 Nassau-st., on FRIDAY, Dec. 2, at 10½ o'clock A. M., a very large assortment of the very richest furs manufactured the present season, of the finest skins, by one of the largest houses in the trade, expressly for retail trade. They comprise
BEAR, RUSSIAN SABLE, HUDSON BAY SABLE,
MINK, MARTEN, ROYAL ERMINE,
all adapted for both ladies' and gentlemen's wear,
CAPES, CLOAKS, MUFFS,
CUFFS, VICTORINES, PELERINES,
TALMAS, CAPS, GLOVES.
Also, an entire stock of a large variety of elegant
SLEIGH, CARRIAGE AND LAP ROBES,
among which may be found rich and well trimmed
ROCKY MOUNTAIN BEAR,
VERY RICH GRIZZLY BEAR,
WHITE POLAR BEAR,
HUDSON BAY WOLF.
Wolf Robes, set in with Black Bear.
Beautiful French Genet and Coon Lap Robes.
In offering this sale to the public we would state that every article sold will be warranted by us to be exactly as represented, entirely fresh goods and free from moth. And we further give every purchaser the privilege to return within three days after the sale, any article, should it not prove to be so. The attention of the ladies is particularly invited to this sale.
The goods will be on exhibition at our salesroom on Monday, Tuesday, and the sales and public generally are invited to examine them.

HENRY H. LEEDS, Auctioneer—Salesroom 23 Nassau-st.
HENRY H. LEEDS & CO. WILL SELL at auction, on FRIDAY, Dec. 2, at 11 o'clock, in the gallery No. 23 Nassau-st.
Large collection of elegant modern oil-paintings, by some of the most eminent French artists, recently received from Paris, and all guaranteed. Among them will be found the works of the following favorite artists, viz.: E. Lemmens, C. Bourne, Murat, C. Felberg, Schepper, Schubert, Van Schendel, Comte, Courtier, Duvieu, Michaud, Hausemann and others.
Also, at private sale, four elegant pictures, by Theodore Frere, A. Veron, Kuwasseng and Le Poitterin, consigned direct from the artists, and all from the recent exhibition at Paris.

E. & F. H. SCHENCK, Auctioneer.
CHINESE GONGS,
AND CONFECTIONERS' MOULDS
at auction, with a great variety of housekeepers' furnishing goods.—DAVID SCOTT, will sell on THURSDAY, at No. 534 Broadway, at 10½ o'clock. Continuation of catalogue.
CHINESE GONGS,
CONFECTIONERS' MOULDS AND TOOLS,
ICE CREAM FREEZERS, WATER FILTERS,
patty-pans, lead moulds, fancy cutlery, Japan toilet ware, chop knives, skewers, corkscrews, larding needles, skimmers, ladles, &c., &c.

JOHN E. VAN ANTWERP, Auctioneer.
HARDWARE AUCTION NOTICE.—JOHN E. VAN ANTWERP will sell on THURSDAY, Dec. 1, at 10 o'clock, at No. 73 William-st., in addition to the usual assortment of hardware, &c., 25 English double barrel guns; also, 1,000 pounds English steel, three square, half round and flat; also, by order of the Underwriters, for cash, one cask damaged table cutlery; also, one cask damaged hand and panel saws; together with an invoice of China and other toys, fancy goods,

RAILROADS.

NEW-YORK AND HARLEM RAILROAD.—[illegible] Express, at 7 A. M. for Dunkirk, [illegible] Oswegoians, and principal intermediate stations. WAY PASSENGER, at 3½ P. M. for Newburgh, Fort Jervis, and intermediate stations. Night Express, at 12 P. M. for Dunkirk, Buffalo, Oswegoians, and principal intermediate stations. The Express Trains connect at Dunkirk with the Express Trains of the New-York and Erie Railroad, and at Buffalo with the Express Trains of the Great Western Railroad, for Niagara Falls, Suspension Bridge, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West. Fare from Fulton Market slip, 25 cents. [illegible] Fare from Fulton Market slip, 25 cents. [illegible] Fare from Fulton Market slip, 25 cents. [illegible]

[Advertisement]

CITIZENS' MEETING.

WM. F. HAVEMEYER FOR MAYOR.

A meeting of Citizens of New-York, irrespective of party, in favor of an honest, faithful and economical administration of the City Government, of effective measures for improving population, trade and commerce, that is and should always, and of the election of WILLIAM F. HAVEMEYER as Mayor, and SAMUEL B. WHITING as Corporation Counsel, will be held at the MERCHANTS' EXCHANGE on THURSDAY, Dec. 2, at 8 o'clock P. M.

Stephen Whitney, Moses Taylor, Olyphant, Son & Co., Wm. Nelson, Jr., Wm. Nelson, Phelps & Co., Morgan, Bennett & Co., Wetmore, Oryder & Co., Sturges & Co., Peter Cooper, A. B. Mason, Thomas W. Pownall, Walter Underhill, Benjamin R. Stimpson, Charles C. Collins, James Worth, Francis Bibby, J. J. Van Pelt, Martin Bates, Jr., D. G. Arnold & Co., Baker & Hicks, Cunningham, Frost and Throckmorton, Charles H. Bulkley, Spaulding, Vail, Hunt & Co., William Lottimer, P. E. Pelatan, Samuel McLean & Co., Samuel Lathers, Young, McAndrew, Benton & Co., Wm. A. Suit & Co., Thos. F. Young, Wm. F. Jones, John Nelson, Daniel H. Burdett, Walter Burrough, Chas. Buchholter, R. R. Howell, Geo. Bliss, G. W. Fuller, Bixby, Bogy & Marland, R. L. Sergeant, Thompson & Hunter, Geo. A. Boyt, J. Bistard, Geo. W. Quintard, Chauncey J. Hawley, Burdett, Jones & Co., Geo. H. Keller, A. B. & S. Davies, Adam Smith, Jr., James L. Overton, Robert J. Randolph, Alex. Rosen, Baron Lesse, Gunther & McGuire, R. J. Herrick, Gilbert Oakley, Ry. G. Russell, George Wade, John F. Barkley, Dph. Trowbridge's Sons, Robert Holt, R. B. Livermore, Wm. C. Lord, Wm. H. Cheesebrough, Wm. E. Cornell, W. B. Harris, S. H. Conklin, A. V. D. Mills, P. V. Myers, James Cameron, James Everdell, Wm. M. Bliss, John Gemmel, Francis Bartels, C. B. Cornish, John C. Cornelius, A. J. Smith, F. Kay Shaef, Henry Lefman, T. T. Thomas, A. Chandler, J. B. Amyar, Geo. W. Wetmore, Thomas Irwin & Son, Quick & L'Hommedieu, Campbell & Thayer, J. H. Bennett, Th. Conkey, Edward B. Clapp, H. R. Kellum, C. S. Hunter, C. J. Bizewski, David Magie, Alfaeus Reed, Thos. J. Lawrence, Reed & Stowell, Wm. Cornell, David Jackson, E. Baker, W. H. Akin, Edward West, N. H. Hamilton, Wm. H. Time, Jno. Warren, John D. Beekman, George R. Waldron, Rob. Townsend, John Cornell & Co., Gill, Gillett & Hayes, Ben W. West, George Briggs, S. C. Devlin, W. A. Keeler, Chas. Denison, Jr., S. J. Roxy, Saml. Barstow, R. H. Crawford, R. J. Hawley, C. A. Carter, John H. Garland, J. B. Trevor, Jr., J. H. McIlhenny, George S. Rainsford, William B. Clarke, H. A. Roderick, Joseph C. Lake, Morris Ferris, Ralph Purdy, Lewis J. Hoyt, W. L. Chilton, C. B. Ashley, W. R. Travers, William O'Brien, Peter Marie, Nathaniel F. Ingle, A. Morton Finch, Benjamin Nathan, Chas. H. Watson, Joseph Stuart, Benj. F. Gerlach, Jas. Fink & Co., Lattimer Bros. & Seymour, William F. Holes, Wm. C. Sterling, Charles H. Havens, W. A. Gale, Wm. Wade, S. H. Nelson, Joseph L. Dayton, Chas. T. Cornwell, R. T. Brandreth, W. A. Hyatt, Charles Yates, Ray H. Stedman, C. B. Seymour, Morgan B. Morgan, Eugene Ferris, Charles Thomson, C. Hutchinson, A. P. Hopkins, J. F. Green, I. Ullman, Shooter & Slade, W. B. Frost, John Trent, & Oakley, A. B. & S. Davis